Sharon: No plans to annex W.Bank

NEW YORK (R) — Israeli Defence Minister Airiel Sharon said Sunday Israel did not want to annex the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip but he declined to specify what legal' status he had in mind for the Arab territories occupied by Israel in 1967. Asked by a television interviewer about Israel's position on the West Bank, Mr. Sharon said: "We made it very clear that wel do not want to annex the West Bank...as a matter of fact we haven 7. "We offered an autonomy plan. That plan gives the Arab populat ion, the Arab inhabitants of Samaria, Judea (the West Bank) and the Gara district the possibility to run their own lives."

Volume 7 Number 2050

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Syrians denied wedish asylum

TOCKHOLM (R) — Three Syrin passport holders who asked for solitical asylum in Sweden are to le expelled, immigration officials in an aid Sunday. The three, who said the palestine way had fought for the Palestine iberation Organisation (PLO) in ebanon, flew to Stockholm from damascus via East Berlin last hursday. They told officials they ere stateless, although born and rought up in Syria. But the imm-

o case for asylum. Under the 951 Geneva Convention, refgees may be granted asylum if the ley can prove they would be perin cacuted in their home countries. A pokesman for the PLO in Stokholm said it was impossible that True he men had fought in Lebanon, here the evacuation of Pal-" stinian forces is still under way.

Maneka Gandhi o form new party

TEW DELHI (R) — Maneka 3andhi, daughter-in-law of Ind-Sing Nakan Prime Minister Indira Gandhi, lunday announced she would lauilinia a new political party sometime dter Oct. 15 this year, the Press frust of India (PTI) news agency aid. She told a press conference in Abohar in northern Punjab state :-: - hat some legislators from pariament and state assemblies belnging to her mother-in-law's rulng Congress (I) Party would join he proposed grouping, PTI reported. The agency said Maneka leclined to reveal names of the prospective members of her new

Histadrut to protest Nam NEl Al holiday

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli labour iel off from international air links text Saturday to protest against he government's decision to groand the national airline El Al on he Sabbath and other Jewish holdays. A special committee set up y the Histadrut trade union fedration decided to call a strike at len Gurion International Airport n Saturday when the closure 3kes effect. The government took he decision under pressure from eligious extremists whose sup-Trime Minister Menachem legin's coalition.

J.K. Labour loses party membership

ONDON (R) — Membership of ritain's Labour Party has pluged to its lowest level for more nan half a century, according to ne party's annual report. The sport, published Sunday, showed 1at membership was down to .76,692 last year, less than half that it was two years previously nd the lowest level since 1929. he Labour Party, founded in 900, grew slowly but in the years fter the 1929 Wall Street crash ad depression, membership imped in reaction to the prolems of capitalism. The party, at resent in opposition, has been ricken by internal squabbles etween moderates and extreme ftists in the last few years. It has iso lost many votes and members) the centrist Social Democratic arty (SDP), founded by a group f disillusioned Labour Party r-ministers last year.

iwazi king's funeral et for Friday

IBABANE Swaziland (R) —

he state funeral of King Sobhuza

I of Swaziland, who died last Satrday aged 83, will take place next riday. Prime Minister Prince he prime minister gave no other ctails excert to at the 1abandla Dlamini said Sunday. should be sent. Instead, he sent to the minimum should informed sources said the date of ne funeral was determined by aditional elders according to the hases of the moon. Rumours had sen rife in Mbabane that King obhuza had already secretly been uried according to tribal custom. ing Sobhuza, who succeeded to throne of Swaziland in 1922.

as the world's longest reigning

onarch. He reputedly had more

ian 50 wives and more than 600

rildren.

AMMAN, MONDAY AUGUST 30, 1982 — DHUL QAIDA 11, 1402

NCC committee to work for national unity, return to parliamentary life

By Samira Kawar Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The National Consultative Council (NCC) Followup Committee on Events in Lebanon and the Area will submit its first report to the NCC Monday, as NCC members hold their first meeting following the NCC's ann-

The Follow-up Committee was formed by the NCC during its session of June 28 at the suggestion of NCC Member Leila Sharaf, who told the Jordan Times that the committee's two-fold objective is to build bridges of understanding both inside and outside Jordan of events in the area and of the dangers threatening it in light of the events in Lebanon, and to build a united national front within Jordan to face dangers besetting the country."

The committee, which was formed while the Israeli invasion of Lebanon was progressively intensifying, held several subsequent meetings to formulate a programme that would outline its actvities, to be initiated upon gaining the approval of the NCC.

Dr. Jamal Al Sha'er was elected chairman of the committee and, Mrs. Leila Sharaf was moderator. Other members are Mr. Taher Hikmat, Mr. Amin Shokair, Dr. Yahya Khreis, Mrs. Haifa Al Bashir, Mrs. Samia Zarou, Mandouh Abbadi, Mrs. Aida Al Mutlaq and Mr. Hisham Tal.

The Jordan Times asked two committee members, Dr. Jamal Al Sha'er and Mrs. Leila Sharaf, to throw light on the programme

Klibi urges

RABAT (R) — Arab League

Secretary-General Chadli Klibi

attacked the United States over

Israel's invasion of Lebanon at an

Arab foreign ministers' con-

ference Sunday, but he refrained

from suggesting retaliatory mea-

"The U.S. government role

from the start of the aggression

against Iraq which posed a pol-

itical and military threat to the

In an editorial, the English-

language daily Baghdad Observer

also said: "The continuation of the

war against Iraq would keep these

regimes in power, though tem-

The newspaper said the aid sent

to Iran by Syria and Libya had

caused a serious rift in the Arab

World unprecedented in inter-

Iraq has always charged that

both countries supplied Iran with

The newspaper said the Iranian

attack against Iraq last month had

been halted. It had brought more

damage and losses in men and

equipment to Iran, "let alone the

innocent children who Khomeini

During the Iranian attack, cor-

respondents who visited the front

at the invitation of the Iraqi gov-

ernment saw Iranian captives

whose ages ranged between 14-

The newspaper drew a com-

Iraq's first deputy prime min-

ister, Taha Yassin Ramadan, said

Saturday the Gulf war with Iran

had helped expose the "traitors"

Mr. Ramadan's farewell speech

to people's army members on

their way to the front was released

He stressed that the Iraqi peo-

ple would continue to carry out

construction work no matter how

sent to inferno," it added.

vital weapons and equipment.

Iraq attacks

Iran, Syria

and Libya

Arab World.

porarily."

Arab relations.

and 16.

ican countries.

here Sunday.

in the Arab World.

long the war went on.

prepared by the committee as well as on their own personal ideas on the circumstances surrounding the committee's formation and the dangers inherent in the present political situation.

Mrs. Sharaf suggested the formation of the committee because she had felt that events in Lebanon since June 6 had made the dangers posed by Israel more immediate, "as though Israel was playing its last card." A growing feeling within the NCC had arisen for the need to bridge internal national gaps in society to face the danger posed by Israel. This prompted NCC members to move towards some form of coordinated action to strengthen national unity outside the NCC.

"We are a force of 75 people, not elected, but nevertheless representing different sectors of Jordanian society." Mrs. Sharaf explained. "We feel that we have to serve society not only by voting on issues put before the council, but also by taking our message outside the NCC and by giving more than we have hitherto given," she said.

Both Mrs. Sharaf and Dr. Sha'er feel that the main threat facing Jordan at this time stems from a campaign by Israel and its allies to unsettle Jordan's internal stability. Mrs. Sharaf pointed out that Israel is launching rumours of 'an unsettling nature" and has done so in the past. Although this Israeli tactic failed in the past, rumours of this sort at present might destabilise some parts of society, if only temporarily, and

has been that of a protector in the security and political field," Mr.

The U.S. policy which the

Arabs have condemned must be

studied in order to find ways "to

influence U.S. policy-makers in

the executive, legislative, eco-

nomic and information mac-

Klibi said.

Arab pressure on

internal bridges of com- movement in particular.

munication. Mrs. Sharaf feels that Israel failed to create such internal instability in the past because the pressures in the area were different at the time: but that events in Lebanon have now made this danger more immediate and int-

Dr. Sha'er holds that a preemption of any external aggression that Jordan may face as part of American, Israeli or even international designs, lies in understanding the factors that may facilitate such aggression.

Jordan, he contends, might be made vulnerable to external attacks through the creation, encouragement and exploitation of three situations:

- First, the creation of internal security hazards and chaos, i.e. the "Lebanisation of Jordan" or the creation of a situation similar to that which prevailed in Lebanon over the past 10 years, will make Jordan a target for outside attacks, according to Dr. Sha'er.

Second, national fragmentation within the country would further encourage aggression.

- Third, isolation of Jordan's leadership internally, on the pan-Arab level and internationally would also further designs against Jordan.

Dr. Sha'er's worry concerning internal security problems arises from the fragmented Arab situation and the plurality of political create a sense of inner insecurity groupings in the Arab World in because of a lack of continuous general and within the Palestinian

the conference in Mohammedia.

Nineteen members of the

22-member league are attending

60 kilometres south of here.

for a summit next month.

Dr. Sha'er's worry of possible internal security threats also derives from his understanding of "contradictory American statements" on the Middle East, his mistrust of promises granted by America to all Arab countries and the fact that "American decision-makers are under the influence of the Zionist movement."

As for internal national fragmentation, which Dr. Sha'er also perceives as a possible venue to be exploited in creating internal instability, the fear that it might arise stems from what he sees as a lack of demographic and political hemogeneity. He points out that it is difficult to establish any political grouping in Jordan which would not, in one way or another, be affiliated externally.

But Dr. Sha'er also believes that there exists in Jordan a very large and fertile base for national dialogue and unity in the country's democratically elected municipal councils and professional association leaderships. He points out that professional associations in Jordan comprise no less than 20,000 educated, cultured Jordanians drawn from all sectors and demographic backgrounds in the country. "Jordan is proud of the fact that the government never interfered in professional association elections even under the most difficult circumstances," Dr. Sha'er said.

Professional groupings such as the Chambers of Industry and Commerce, the professional associations, workers and farmers (Continued on page 3)

Mr. Klibi echoed a call for Arab ting Sunday the ministers adopted unity made Saturday by King Hasan agenda for their session, the san of Morocco when he opened official Moroccan news agency

MAP said, but it gave no details.

The ministers were due to meet again later Sunday. The 12th Arab League summit is provisionally scheduled to rec-

the two-day meeting to prepare onvene in the Moroccan city of At a two-hour closed door mee- Fez on Sept. 6.

Israel warns U.S. on new proposals

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - Prime Minister Menachem Begin said Sunday that any U.S. proposal to set up a Palestinian state would result in the dissolution of the Camp David Mid-BAGHDAD (R) — An Iraqi newspaper said Sunday Iran. Syria dle East agreements with Egypt. Israeli officials quoted Mr. and Libya had formed an alliance

Begin as issuing the warning during a cabinet discussion on "reliable reports that the United States is discussing new approaches to the Palestinian problem." "According to our information,

some of the ideas under discussion in Washington are not in accordance with the Camp David accords," one official told reporters.

Mr. Begin told the cabinet that if any proposal is made to set up any kind of Palestinian state, it will result in the collapse of the Camp David agreements with all that this entails.

U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger, who is to visit the Middle East next week, will confer with Mr. Begin next Wednesday in the northern coastal town of Nahariya where the prime minister will be on holiday, the official said.

He said Mr. Begin will discuss Israel's concern that "Washington is preparing proposals which we regard as opposed to the Camp David agreements.'

The prime minister will also discuss renewal of the supply of advanced F-15 jet planes, temporarily held up by Washington's displeasure at Israel's June 6 invasion of Lebanon, the official said.

Another official said one of the new American ideas includes provision for "some kind of demilitarised Palestinian state, an idea that was outrightly rejected by Israel at the extended Camp David negotiations."

"Israel is not going to accept today ideas it rejected some years Israeli military correspondents ago because they were considered threats to Israeli national security," the official said.

at the idea that an independent Palestinian state would remain demilitarised.

Negotiations between Israel. granting "autonomy" to Pal-. estinians in the occupied West fighters involved. Bank and Gaza, as provided in the Camp David accords, have been bogged down by sharp differences.

Israel wants to grant only limited "autonomy" while Egypt demands greater powers for the Palestinians.

Earlier, the Israeli cabinet deferred its next moves in Lebanon until the Palestinian commando withdrawal from Beirut is completed, but the army also demanded removal of Lebanese leftwing fighters from the Lebanese

Israel's chief of staff hinted that Israel was seeking the removal of Lebanese left-wing fighters from Beirut after their allies, the Palestinian fighters, had withdrawn from the Lebanese capital.

Lt. Gen. Rafael Eitan was quoted by the army radio as telling that the issue had been raised with special U.S. envoy Philip Habib who reportedly arranged the eva-He quoted ministers as scoffing cuation of Palestinian forces now underway.

The leftist forces fought tog-ether with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in Egypt and the United States on Beirut but Israeli spokesmen would not go into the number of

> It was not clear whether members of the left-wing movements would agree to leave, Gen. Eitan was quoted as saying. He was speaking as the Israeli

cabinet met to discuss the PLO evacuation, which continued by sea and land.

withdrawal continues

BEIRUT (Agencies) — More Palestinian fighters streamed out of Israeli-besieged west Beirut Sunday but the departure plans of their leader Yasser Arafat remained an official secret.

About 400 fighters sailed for the Syrian Mediterranean port of Tartous aboard the Greekregistered ferry Paros.

State-run Beirut Radio said that Khalil Wazir, military chief of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), was on the ship but there was no confirmation of the report.

Some 1,200 men of the Palestine Liberation Army (PLA) were escorted through the Israeli lines to the Syrian border by Italian troops attached to a multinational force supervising the withdrawal.

As the complex evacuation entered its second and final week, the Lebanese capital was rife with conflicting reports on how and when PLO leader Arafat would leave the city.

Beirut Radio said he would leave openly by road for Syria Monday. But a Greek newspaper reported that he would sail to Piraeus for talks in Athens with Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou. PLO spokesman Mahmoud

Labadi declined to comment on the reports, citing security rea-

When pressed about Mr. Arafat's travel plans, he said: "You will know tomorrow."

The PLO leader spent Sunday bidding farewell to Muslim and leftist leaders who have supported the Palestinians since they made Lebanon the bastion of their struggle against Israel more than a

Mr. Arafat met Sheikh Hassan Khaled, spiritual leader of the country's Sunni Muslim community, and Nabih Berri, chief of the Shi ite Muslim militia Amal,

according to local radio reports. The Palestine news agency WAFA said he had delivered a defiant speech at a gathering Saturday of young PLO militiamen

from the battered refugee camps ringing Beirut. Mr. Arafat praised them for resisting Israeli invasion forces and said: "You, the generation of vic-

tory, will carry on the struggle and hand down the flame of our revolution." Many of the young part-time fighters were born in Lebanon of Palestinian parents and have doc-

uments entitling them to remain here. Most are expected to stay behind, resuming their studies or The fighters who left Sunday were given a traditional noisy sen-

doff by crowds firing guns into the The (PLA) men left in a convoy

of more than 150 vehicles, waving Palestinian flags and giving victory They were part of a Syrian-

based brigade attached to Syrian troops who have been in Lebanon since 1976 under an Arab League peacekeeping mandate.

Reuter correspondent Tom Thomson reported from the Syrian border post at Ideideh that the returning Palestinians were given a hero's welcome by hundreds of friends and relatives.

Ambulances led the convoy. and some wounded fighters, connected to surgical drips, waved to the cheering crowds from their stretchers.

Gen. Hassan Turkmani, the Syrian deputy chief of staff, extended an official greeting as the PLA men loosed off rifle fire into the air.

In Aden Sunday, President Ali Nasser Mohammad fired shots into the air from an assault rifle when he led thousands of South Yemenis in a tumultuous quayside welcome for Palestinian fighters evacuated from west Beirut.

Ships' sirens reverberated round Aden's port and the crowds roared slogans as the 700 PLO fighters were ferried ashore in small boats from the Greek cruise ship Alkyon.

Mr. Mohammad and other South Yemeni leaders hugged the fighters, who were later driven in buses through flag-bedecked streets to a huge rally in the suburb of Khormaksar. Loud-speaker vans blaring Palestinian songs accompanied the convoy.

Palestinian King urges quick, genuine progress in peace process

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — His Majesty King Hussein said Sunday the prospects for peace in the Middle East would be disastrous unless quick and genuine progress was made in solving the Palestinian problem.

He said "the ugly, almost unbelievable nightmare" in Lebanon would focus the world's attention on the Palestinian struggle for a homeland.

"I hope that the world, and the United States in particular, concentrates on this issue, with all those desirous of seeing progress towards the establishment of a just and durable peace for it to come about," he said in a television interview.

Speaking by satellite from Amman, King Hussein said the war in Lebanon and the withdrawal of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) forces to several countries, would probably result in more emphasis on efforts to find a political solution in the region.

"If we don't succeed in the very immediate future, I believe that the results are a disaster that would overtake all of us in this entire area and maybe the world,"

was the Palestinian homeland, the King replied: "I believe Jordan has always associated with the Palestinian hopes and aspirations... that does not mean in any way the issue is resolved."

"We have given Palestinians awaiting resolution of their problem on their legitimate soil a chance to feel at home here in Jordan," he added. But King Hussein said: "The

issue has been, will be, until a res-

olution is reached, that of legitimate Palestinian and Arab rights on Palestinian soil under occupation by Israel in the West Bank and in Gaza.' The King said he supported PLO efforts to recover the West

Bank and Gaza and urged that all territory occupied by Israel in the 1967 war be returned to Arab King Hussein said the PLO was

not finished as a force in the Middle East. 'I believe it is very much alive...

Asked about statements by Isr- Palestine is the focus of the world aeli officials that Jordan already at the moment," he said.

Begin: Reagan hurt me deeply

Minister Menachem Begin was quoted Sunday as saying President Reagan "hurt me deeply" in a telephone conversation earlier this month when the U.S. president called Israel's bombing of Beirut a holocaust.

Mr. Begin, in an interview in the New York Times, also said he hoped to exchange visits with Lebanese President-elect Bashir Gemayel and sign a peace treaty with him.

He said U.S. special envoy Philip Habib, who reportedly negotiated the agreement under. which Palestinian forces are being evacuated from Beirut, had promised to secure a commando pullout from the rest of Lebanon by 'peaceful means" and added that Syria would also withdraw its forces from Lebanon.

On his telephone conversation with Mr. Reagan on Aug. 12, the dav of a fierce I I-hour Israeli aerial bombardment of west Beirut. Mr. Begin said: "But what burt me deeply was that the president said. it's a holocaust, in the first conversation.

"He hurt me very deeply, and I answered him in my answer to his

NEW YORK (R) - Israeli Prime letter. I said to him, 'Mr. President i know ocaust'.

Mr. Begin held up to the interviewer a photo of Jews rounded up by Nazis in Warsaw and said: This is holocaust."

Mr. Begin denied Israel had attacked the civilian population in Beirut, adding: "We attacked selected military targets of the PLO (Palestine Liberation Organisation). Around, civilians were hurt, I don't want to deny it."

On the question of PLO forces in other parts of Lebanon, Mr. Begin said: "We don't want now to talk about force, because we have a pledge (from Mr. Habib) that they will leave." Mr. Begin reiterated Israel

would withdraw from Lebanon as soon as Syrian forces withdrew and said his country was prepared to help Mr. Gemayel build a "proper army, disciplined and wellarmed.

Calling Mr. Gemavel "Bashir." Mr. Begin said: "I hope we will exchange visits. He will come to occupied Jerusalem, I will go to Beirut. I also hope that we will sign a peace treaty with Leb-

Sharon claims PLO 'defeat' opens way for Mideast 'peace'

WASHINGTON (R) — Israeli Defence Minister Ariel Sharon told a meeting of leading American Jews Saturday night that Israel's "defeat" of Palestinian forces in Lebanon had opened new avenues towards "peace" in the Middle Fast. "I believe we can now reopen

the dialogue with the Palestinian Arabs in search of a basis for peaceful coexistence," he told about 600 Jewish leaders at a fundraising dinner for Israel.

He gave a hour-long defence of srael's military invasion of Leb-

But outside the Washington Hilton Hotel where he spoke, several hundred demonstrators shouted protests against Mr. Sharon. architect of the Israeli invasion. The dissidents included Palestinians, who accused Israel of

his reference to a dialogue with Palestinians, but he said on Friday after meeting Secretary of State George Shultz that "discussions" had already been opened with Arabs on the occupied West Bank. and Gaza Strip. Glossing over U.S. criticism of the Israeli invasion, Mr. Sharon

genocide, and American Jews.

Mr. Sharon did not elaborate on

said his country and the United States now had common goals in the Middle East. He said these included the "expulsion" of Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) for-

ces and other foreign forces from Lebanon and the establishment of an "open and secure" Israeli-Lebanese border.

Mr. Sharon cast Israel's "success" against the PLO as a defeat of world "terrorism."

JVTC See page (6). Cine 2000

as in World Disney as in Disney Land as in Alton Tower

Evren vows to counter Armenian attacks

parison between Iran's rev-ANKARA (R) — Turkish milolutionary leader, Ayatollah itary ruler General Kenan Evren, Ruhollah Khomeini, and Libyan facing a wave of Armenian gueleader Muammar Qadhafi, saying rrilla attacks, said Sunday: "From each was trying to export revnow on the Turkish state and Turolution, the former to the Gulf Arab states and the latter to Afrkish nation will consider itself free to take counter-measures."

Gen. Evren said last Friday Turkey would "extend its power when and where needed" to combat the attacks--many of which have taken place in other cou-The mass-circulation daily new-

kish intelligence hit-squads had orders to move against Armenian guerrillas abroad... They are to seize leaders of groups like the Armenian Secret

spaper Gunaydin said crack Tur-

Army for the Liberation of Armenia (ASALA) using firearms if necessary and bring them to Turkey for trial, the newspaper said.

Turkish officials have repeatedly voiced frustration that foreign governments have not done enough to catch Armenian Addressing a crowd Friday in

Afvon, 250 kilometres southwest of Ankara, Gen. Evren said there was a limit to Turkey's patience. He did not refer directly to Armenians but it was clear he meant The Turkish military attache in

Ottawa was shot dead last Friday,

the 23rd Turk living abroad killed

by Armenian assassins since 1973.

In an assault on Ankara airport on Aug. 7 by two ASALA gunmen, nine people were killed and more than 70 wounded. One of the assailants also died.

Several Armenian guerrilla groups have claimed responsibility for the attacks in revenge for what they say was the massacre of 1.5 million Armenians in eastern Turkey in 1915. Successive Turkish governments have denied this charge.

In Istanbul Shnorkh Kaloustian, the Armenian patriarch in the city, where thousands of Armenians live, condemned the killers of the military attache in Ottawa as inhuman godless mur-

in the Mideast

A compassionate Peace is the -American Friends Service Committee's first full-scale report on the Middle East since 1970, when Search for Peace in the Middle East was issued (and extensively debated). Called a "fresh exploration of the tangled web that is the Middle East" in its int--roduction, A Compassionate Peace was prepared by a working committee and principally authored by Professor Everett Mendelsohn. The book ranges over an impressive number of critical issues, including the arms race, oil and conflict. Lebanon. Afghanistan, Soviet and U.S. policy, Iran and of course, the Palestinian-Israeli conflict, to in the region. which the book devotes a substantial and considered amount of

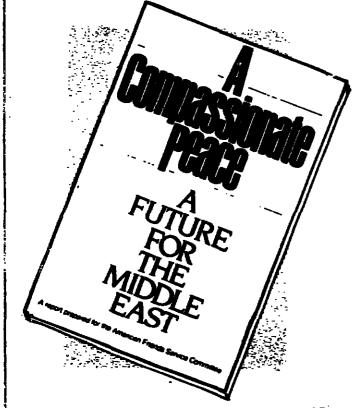
The authors call the book "frankly biased and unashmedly visionary" and it is in this "bias" -defined as "toward people and against arms, toward peace and against strife and suffering, toward justice and against fear and insecurity" -- that the strength of the book lies. In this era of geopolitics and so-called "strategic" thinking, the approach of A Compassionate Peace is extremely refreshing and ultimately yields more 'pragmatic", workable proposals than the collected works of Kissinger, Brzezinksi, et. al. Some of the most valuable parts of the book directly rebut the cherished shibboleths of the cold warriors: a good refutation of the "arc of crisis" theory of the omnipresent Soviet menace, and sensible proposals for a moratorium on arms shipments and sales to the area and for a nuclear-free Middle

The overview nature of the book, while ambitious and useful, can lead to omissions some just lacunae, but others more serious. The "Options and Proposals" chapter, for example, states at some length (and with some approval), the various peace pro-posals of Israeli "doves" like Abba Eban, General Ahron Yariv and General Yehoshafat Harkabi. The Palestinian responses to these proposals (and there have been Palestinian analyses) is not articulated, and indeed, the Palestinian position is given in only general terms. This skews not only the chapter but the readers' ability to judge the possibilities for peace

This is the kind of book where every reader involved in the issues will find his or her own omissions and problems. One striking one. however, was the omission of any mention of the Arab population of Israel from the chapter on Israel.

A Compassionate Peace, however, was written as a political book, not in any negative sense, but as a book to move, to affect opinion, to mobilise. As much, the response of the interested reader should also be political. For Arab-Americans and other vitally involved in the questions of Middle East peace and Palestinian rights, this means reading and discussing the book - both differences and commonalities -with the AFSC and other concerned organisations in our continuing effort to build, in the U.S., a movement for genuine peace and justice in the Middle East.

This review was contributed by the communications director of the Association of Arab-American University Graduates, Inc. Penny Johnson.



The report published in a book-

Peace is future Egypt is still confused

By Milton Viorst

CAIRO - Pick up a phone and it does not work. Switch on the television to learn of a futile trip by an Egyptian diplomat in search of peace. Drive through the swarming streets - a million more bodies every year to feed, to house, to school.

In Egypt, nothing seems to be going as it should. Not in politics: The momentum for peace is stalled, if not in retreat. Not in everyday life: Building projects halffinished when I first came here a decade ago still stand unfinished. and the traffic jams and pollution

The people, notwithstanding. are charming. Even in steaming August, they nod politely as they brush against me in the midday rush. They do their best to help me find my way, though they may not understand a word I say.

Unfulfilled promises

President Sadat promised them they would have peace by now and, with it, prosperity. He said the Camp David treaty was only the opening step to end war bet-ween Israel and the Arabs, and out of the new atmosphere prosperity would inevitably emerge. President Mubarak, true to President Sadat, has kept Egypt out of war with Israel, but no one here would say Egypt has peace, much less prosperity.
I asked a hundred people I met

during my visit whether they were sorry about the peace.

Except for a few, they said they were not. President Sadat was right to try to put an end to war, they said. They were sorry only that he had failed.

The feeling I detected toward the Israelis was not anger. It seemed to lie in another domain, more like exasperation and bewilderment. What do the Israelis want? they asked me, as if I had an

Their expressions seemed to say that they had extended to the Israelis the traditional courtesies of their culture, the gestures of warm welcome, and were repaid with the back of the hand. They are affronted, and they believe they deserve better. I sat around a table one day in a

seedy old cafe in Alexandria with a group of white-haired Egyptian intellectuals - writers, professors, Like most who have the means, gramme was unanimous, my frithey flee in summer from Cairo to ends said: It was considered a cat-

They graciously allowed me to place my question on the agenda: Why did the Egyptian people, the es who exploded with grief on the death of President Nasser, seem to mourn President Sadat so little?

I said that I failed to understand the esteem in which President ulation, deteriorating inf-Nasser continued to be held in rastructure, suffocating bur-Egypt, even by many intellectuals. Was he not the man, I asked, who did not come. led Egypt to the monumental mil-

sons and concentration camps, created a bureaucracy that stagnated the economy?

Egyptian symbols

I had no need to add that President Nasser, until his death in 1970, also stood firmly in the public mind against all compromise with Israel, or that President Sadat. on becoming president. set out rather conspicuously to undo much of the damage president Nasser left behind.

My intellectual friends agreed that my inquiry was an important one. They approached the answer cautiously at first, though I believe with candor. They agreed that Nasser was a master of Egypt's symbols, and that a people is influenced as much by symbols as by

Whatever president Nasser's faults, they said, he is remembered as the man who freed Egypt from a decadent monarchy, who drove the English out of the country. who exalted Egypt's destiny as leader of the Arab World, who restored a sense of pride and power and grandeur to the Egyptian people. They also said he was admired as a man of personal austerity, strength and integrity.

President Sadat, in contrast, was a man whose manipulation of symbols left Egyptians in con-

He made much of his humble, peasant origins while wearing ostentatious uniforms and living in unconcealed luxury. He proclaimed a deep dedication to Islam but communicated a non-Islamic worldliness. He talked of liberty but suppressed dissent. Many Egyptians, even in applauding his move away from President Nasser's personal rule, were uncomfortable with the indirectness -- hyprocrisy, many called it -- of his personal style.

President Sadat's policies were even harder for most Egyptians to grasp. He gave Israel a beating on the battlefield, while calling for Egypt's abandonment of its deeply engrained hostility to a Jewish state. He re-established Arab Sovereignty over the Sinai, while surrendering Egypt's leadership of the Arabs. He expelled the Soviets to regain Egypt's freedom of action in the middle East, then turned and embraced the Ame-

The popular response to president badats economic pro astrophe. In liberalising the economy, president Sadat unleashed a raging inflation, especially in food. For the poor, a deteriorating diet was the chief legacy of president Sadat's rule.

But president Sadat was unable to master Egypt's intractable social problems -- exploding popeaucracy -- and Western investors

What came instead was ramitary defeat of 1967, turned the pant consumerism by a new class country into a satellite of the Sov- of priveleged Egyptians. President iet Union, put thousands into pri- Nasser was remembered for sup-

pressing privilege. President Sadat is remembered for restoring it.

I said to my friends I was surprised that no mention had been made of Sadat's trip to Jerusalem in 1977 and the ensuing Camp David treaty. They replied that Sadat's peace programme was not at all at the root of his fall from public favour.

But they said it was probably a factor in his assassination last October, President Sadat, in his search for allies to reverse Nasser's drift toward the Communists, made the mistake of unleashing Egypt's Muslim fundamentalists. No doubt they helped him in suppressing Communism, my friends noted, but once unleashed, they could not be contained.

The fundamentalists demanded that ties be cut to the "satanic" West, which was precisely the opposite of what President Sadat proposed to do. They called for an Islamic state, on the Khomeini model, which was foreign to president Sadat's notion of Islam. They were outraged by the peace

As Western-oriented intellectuals, the men with whom I sat in the cafe acknowledged that the Egypt they envisage is democratic and secular. They admitted that President Sadat lost them, too, by encouraging the Muslim extremists. The mistake cost him his life, but, more important, they added with some dismay, it may in the long run determine the shape and course of Egyptian society.

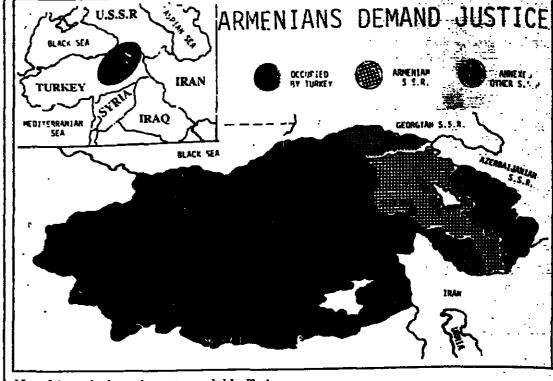
Butros Ghali, minister of state for foreign affairs, shares the apprehension of my Alexandria friends over looming fundamentalism. But he held the Israelis more directly to blame than they did for the events that led to President Sadat's death.

"I think the key incident was the Israeli bombing of the reactor in Baghdad last summer, a few days after Sadat visited Begin in Israel." Butros Ghali said. "Sadat came out of this looking as if he had been used, and it encouraged the fundamentalists to think thay had popular support in a move against him."

In these days of fading dreams, when Egyptians do not know quite where to turn for a vision of what is in store, President Hosni Mubarak, successor to President Sadat. has been a source of reassurance. He is not a crowd-pleaser like sident Sadat. He is practical, selfeffacing and apparently quite honest. He has promised to keep Egypt's Camp David commitments, and he had done so conscientiously. He has also been realistic enough to promise little else.

But Mubarak possesses no politcal base of his own, and, though he has made much of stamping out the corruption of the last regime. he has had to rely heavily on many of the very people who tarnished the public image of President Sadat. Many Egyptians to whom I spoke are wondering whether these qualities are now enough.

- The Washington Post



Map of Armenia shows the part occupied by Turkey.

Armenians renew their ancient demand for justice from the Turks

By David Barchard

The recent attack by Armenian terrorists on Ankara's Esenboga airport was a surprise only with regard to its timing. There have been at least two other occasions since 1977 on which Armenians have attempted to explode bombs in Turkish airports. The senior Turkish police officer, Hamdi Yahyaoglu, who was one of the first victims of the Armenian gunmen, was said to have been actually checking the air force's security procedures for the possibility of precisely the kind of attack which killed him.

For Turkey, the Armenian attack will simply strengthen the country's deep sense of estrangement from the rest of the world. Most Turks are convinced that the Armenian terrorists enjoy a measure of support from the Christian West.

Turkey is a large country and in most respects a very strong one. It has 47 million people, who, despite their endiess ability to squabble among themselves, will often pull together in the last resort. The Armenian assassination campaign may enrage them, but they are unlikely to do

Two major aims

In many ways the Armenian gunmen are defeating their own aims. They profess to have two major ones--to get the Turks to acknowledge moral responsibility for the massacres of Armenians that took place in Late Ottoman Anatolia, and to re-establish an Armenian presence in eastern

Since the assassination campaign began 10 years ago in Los Angeles, it has claimed the lives of more than 30 Turks. But it has also reinforced Turkish unwillingness to make any self-criticism

of the events of the last years of the Ottoman Empire. The government line now is that if anyone ever did any killing in Anatolia, it was the Armenians. Many young Turks will grow up in the next generation without the benefit of the oral tradition in Anatolia which recalls the period of the "troubles" as one of the most leaders not only refuse to denounce the killings, but are also ghastly phases of Turkey's recent history. They will simply believe the government version that the Armenians are a freak race of insane murderers. The activities of the Armenian Secret Army for the Liberation of Armenia (ASALA)

Examining the Turkish-Armenian dispute is like walking through a minefield. In public, few Armenians or Turks are willing to avoid the mixture of paranoid fantasy and bad history which sustains their national visions. The Armenians, in particular, never seem to have accepted that much of their troubles were brought upon them by radical nationalists acting as the ASALA terrorists did at Esenboga-

will give them plenty of evidence

to support this view.

the 19th century, pro-Russian extremist Armenian groups first broke the hold of conservative pro-Ottoman groups among Anatolian Armenians.

The rationale behind these desperate tactics was that the Great Powers would eventually rally to the Armenian cause, especially Russia. The Armenians overlooked their own vulnerability, scattered in small communities in western and eastem anatolia--islands in a Muslim sea of people loyal to the Ottoman and Turkish government. Only in one, Ottoman province were the Armenians in a majority.

Two Armenian groups

Today's Armenians fall into two

groups, the moderates who would

like a gesture of reconciliation and atonement from Turkey, and the extremists who still believe that with Soviet help eastern Anatolia could be recaptured and resettled. So the ASALA terrorists praise the Soviet Union and denounce Amerca. They have a certain discreet support in the Soviet Socialist Republic of Armenia, whose

> allowed (by the Soviet authorities) to commemorate the April anniversary of the massacres. If the Armenians succeed in provoking Turkey into retalistory action, either against overseas Armenians or against the 50,000 or so Armenians who still live in Turkey, they will at least have managed to disgrace and isolate

Turkey. There are three major reasons why Turkey does not make such a gesture. First its bureaucrats--notoriously hopeless at public relations--fear they might be committed to giving up land or money if they admitted even a speck of moral guilt. Second, there are many Turks whose grandparents were actually mutdered during the First Worki War by Armenians-a point not often appreciated by the rest of the world, let alone by Armenians.

The legacy of indignation helps fuel rigid nationalist attitudes. The third factor is the killings perpetrated by ASALA, and their all too evident cruelty and senselessuess. These, coupled with the failure

of some Armenian academics to enter into a dialogue when approached by the families of murdered Turks (offering proposals for joint research into 19th century Ottoman history) have made any Turkish gestures unthinkable for the next few decades.

- The Guardian

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TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION

MAIN CHANNEL
17:30

FOREIGN CHANNEL

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20:50	Comedy: George & Mildre
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22:00	News in Englis
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BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

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07:30 Classical Pops 07:45 The Poem liself 68:00 Newsdesk 68:30 Off the Record 69:00 World News 69:39 24 Hours: News Summary 69:39 My Music 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Peebles' Choice 10:30 Anything Goes 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 Words 11:20 Goods Books 11:35 Interlude 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45 Music Now 12:15 The Hobbit 12:30 The Bogart File 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 Keynote 13:30 Diversions 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Brain of Britain 1982 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:09 World News 15:09 24 Hours News Summary 15:30 Cricket 15:45 The Gulf Magnet for the East 16:15 The Plair Man's Guide to Luternational Organisation 16:30 Cricket 16:45 Country Style 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outhock 18:00 World News 18:09 Comwork 1840 Work News 1849 Com-mentary 18:15 My Music 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 Paperback Choice 19:15 Uncle Silas 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 World News 20:09 News about Britain 28:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Off the Record 21:00 Outlook 21:39 Stock Market Report 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 Pee-bles' Choice 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:30 Sports int-emational 23:00 Network U.K. 23:15 emational 2500 Network U.N. 2515 World Service Short Story 23:30 Gra-inger in the Strand 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 Book Choice 00:30 Financial News 00:40 Reflections 00:45 Sports roundup 01:00 World News 01:09 Commentary 01:15

Classical Record Review 91:30 Brain of Britain 1982

VOICE OF AMERICA 05:00 Daybreak 06:00 The Breakfast Show 17:00 News Roundup: Reports, Actualities, News Summary 17:30 VOA Magazine Show: Americana, Scie ers' letters 18:00 Special English News 18:10 Special English Science an Technology Report 18:15 Feature: This is America 18:30 Music USA: Standards 19:00 News Roundup 19:30 Dateline 20:00 Special English News 20:10 Sci-20100 Special Engign News 2010 Science and Technology 20:15 This is America 20:30 Music USA: Standards 21:00 News Roundup 21:30 VOA Magazine Show 12:00 Special English News 22:10 Science and Technology 22:15 Music USA: Jazz 23:00 VOA World Report, News Newswards Voices Report: News Newsmakers' Voices.

EXHIBITIONS

WHAT'S GOING ON

Photographs of King Hussein's visits to the U.S. over 30 years, at the Ame-

National Book Week, organised by the Department of Libraries, Documentation and National Archives at Al

CULTURAL CENTRES
American Centre tel. 4152 British Council

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Chadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. .00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-lpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countrieand a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.
Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. 4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 64240.

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.

sdays. Tel. 37169

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Anaman Club, Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Int first 2nd third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 p.m.

Lions Philadelphia Clab. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m. every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn.

Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman,

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Annunciation (Rom Catholic) Jabal Loweibdeh, 37440. De is Selle Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Hussein, 61757.
Church of the Annunciation (Greek
Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Red-cemer) Jabai Amman, 43453. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich, an Orthodox Church Ashrafieh. 75261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, 71751.
Amman International Church (Inter-

PRAYER TIMES

denominational): meets at Southe Baptist School in Shmeisani, 63249.

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FOR THE TRAVELLER

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AMMAN AIRPORT This information is supplied by Alia information department at Amman Airport tel. 92205-6, where a should always be

ARRIVALS

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11:10	Cairo (EA)
14:00	Tripoli (LA)
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15:30	Cairo (RJ)
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	Bangkok (RJ)
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DEPARTURES

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16 :50	Medina, Jeddah (SV
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Baghdad (RJ) .. Kuwait (RJ) Baghdad (RJ). . Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) 20:15

MONEY EXCHANGE

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Fair weather with low clouds and nor-

Yesterday's high temperature readings: Amman 29, Aqaba 35. Humidity rea-dings: Amman 42 per cent, Aqaba 38

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS

EMERGENCIES Dr. Yousef Al Horani Dr. Radwan Ai Sa'd 73877/75854

Khaled taxi ..

Al Kurdi taxi

ZARQA AJ Sa'deh ph

Jordan Television Radio Jordan Ministry of Touris

Tamer taxi Hussein Youth City taxa

Dr. Radwan Al Sa'd _... 73877/75854

GENERAL

.... 193, 75111 Al Salam pharmacy Maher pharmacy Al Dawliyeh pharmacy Firstaid, fire, police Blood bank 75121

Civil Defence rescue Fire headquarters Traffic police ... Municipal water service 71125-8

HOSPITALS Hussein Medical Centre .. 813813-32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281-4 Akleh Maternity, J. Amman ... 42441 36140 University Hospital Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein . 845845 ... 67158 Al-Muasher, J. Hussein 67127-9 The Islamic, Abdali 65292

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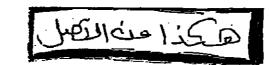
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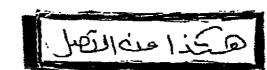
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MARKET PRICES Upperllower price in fils per kg.

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Apple (Japanese) 360 / 300	Mellow 807 00 1
Apple (Local) 210 / 180	Marrow (large) 160 / 140
Apple (Starken) 200 / 170	Marrow (small)
Banana	Melon 200 / 160
Banana (Mukammar) 225 / 180	Okra
Beans	Onion (dry)
Beans (string) 260 / 200	Parsley
Broad Beans 170 / 140	Peaches
Cabbage	Pears (Lebanese)
Carrot	Plums
Cauliflower (white) 200 / 160	Potato (imported)
Cherries	Radish
Cucumber (farge)	D-1 Ch 500 / 200
Cucumber (small)	Red Cherries 500 / 400 Sage 450 / 380
Eggplant (small) 150 / 120	200 / 168
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Figs	Tomato 120 / 80 .





Randa Habib's

Because he is 18

Being 18 years old in Amman is not easy, this is what a desperate

young Jordanian was trying to explain to me lately.

His tawjihi newly in hand, Tareq is anxiously waiting for his eventual acceptance at the Jordan University or the Yarmouk University but he is sceptical as the seats are limited. What will become of him?

He should put up with the idea of studying outside his country which in itself is not an easy choice. One should try to find the suitable university in the convenient country at an affordable price, explains Tareq.

"We are hundreds in the same uncertain situation", he says. Tareq would have liked to go on with his university studies in Jordan. "There is no reason why I should study abroad when I can have the same level of education in my country, at home, among my

No he is not attracted by the "adventure" of going abroad. Even though, he confides, he sometimes feels "strangled" in

Going out alone with a young girl of his age is almost a heroic

In Amman whispers are a must and curtains move everytime

"The Jordanian youth is almost strangled by an older generation. insisting to know all about you and to guide you according to their ideas and 'morals' that are not necessarily ours," adds

"Every time we express a different point of view to theirs, our parents imagine that we want to revolt, but it is not so, we have a different outlook to things around us that have changed, that's

Taren is worried "nobody thinks enough of the youth problems here", he says sadly.

But because he is 18 years old, a smile does not take long to iliominate his face.

Jordanian heart surgeon saves pregnant woman

KUWAIT (Petra) — A Jordanian surgeon has successfully operated on the heart of a pregnant lady in her eighth month at the Kuwaiti chest diseases hospital.

The Kuwaiti newspaper Al Ra'i Al 'Aam, which published the report in its Friday issue, said that surgeon Usamah Abdul Majid, head of the chest surgery unit at

the hospital, saved the life of the

mother and the infant by surgery since her condition could not wait until normal child delivery. The paper said Dr. Abdul Majid was first surgeon to make suc-

cessful heart operations in Kuwait in 1971. Dr. Abdul Majid, who is an F.R.C.S., began his experimental

operations on dogs before app-

lying them to humans.

In'am Al Mufti visits voluntary training sites

AMMAN (Petra) -- Social Development Minister In am Al Mufti visited on Sunday morning the field training sites of the voluntary training course for girls organised by the ministry in cooperation with the civil defence directorate and the education ministry.

Mrs. Mufti urged the participants in the course to work hard so that women can perform their role in building the country and in participating in defending

erience of Israel and its unique

kind of aggression in world his-

Delegations will be formed

comprising NCC members and

prominent Jordanians to visit

West and East European cou-

ntries as well as important non-

aligned countries. These del-

egations will contact sub-

governmental parliamentary bod-

that influence public opinion in

these countries. The dangers

posed by Israel to the area and to

world peace will be explained

along with Israel's territorial amb-

Zionist "stranglehold over Wes-

tern public opinion" will pose dif-

ficulties to such an undertaking.

But she also believes that the Zio-

nist hold over Western public opi-

nion has been weakened by the

"Nazi-like brutalities committed

by Israel in Lebanon"--practices which have been increasingly com-

ing "under a magnifying glass" in the West. The Follow-up Com-

mittee will also meet with political

visitors and journalists who visit

the Follow-up Committee's amb-

itious plans, implementation will

depend on the participation of all

NCC members and the enlistment

of other institutions and sectors in

putting it all into practice.

TRADE DIRECTORY OF

JORDAN 1982

1- Bookshops in Marriott, Intercontinental

3- Amman Bookshop, Firas Bookshop and

Habeeb Bookshop 3rd Circle, Jabal

2- Book Corner, First Circle, Jabal Amman.

Once the NCC has approved

itions.

journalists and institutions

The ministry's goal behind holding such course, which began three weeks ago, is to attract women for voluntary work and to utilise their resources for serving the community as well as to prepare trained women leaders.

The ministry intends to hold similar training courses in the various parts of the country next year to train 1,000 Jordanian girls after which the graduates will be given certificates accredited by the social development ministry.

Zarga election

ZARQA (Petra) - Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Hassan Al Momani has fixed Nov. 27 as the date for the elections of Zarqa

Al Qudah has formed a 15member committee to register voters headed by judge Abdul Sattar Al Khatib, and two ladies as members. This is the first time women participate in such committees, particularly after the new law issued by the ministry gave women the right to vote and get

On the other hand, Nov. 21 and 22 were fixed as the dates for nomination. "A number of measures are currently being taken to prepare for these elections," Mr. Oudah said in his capacity as chairman of the election committee. The measures are being taken earlier than usual because of the inc-

Legal committee of NCC meets

committee at the National Consultative Council (NCC) met on Sunday under its chairman, Taher Hikmat, attended by Information Minister Adnan Abu Odeh and Director of the Press and Publications Department Ahmad Al Utoum. The committee discussed the draft law of the journalists association. The committee will resume its discussion of the draft law in other sessions.

Board of directors inspect progress of Ma'in project

AMMAN (Petra) — The board of directors of the company entrusted with exploiting the Ma'in springs visited on Sunday the site of the company's project, where the members of the board were acquainted with the progress of work in the project, which began about two months ago. Work on the project will continue for 24

The members of the board heard a briefing from the contractor implementing the project on the progress of work in this vital tourist project.

Director of the Postal Savings Fund Abdallah Al Hawamdeh, in his capacity as chairman of the board of directors, said that the utilities of the project will consist of a five-star hotel with 86 rooms and 26 suites, a housing complex for the employees working in the project, a camping area, tourist facilities, a swimming pool, a dam of 15 metres high and 10 metres wide, a fresh water tank with a capacity of 400 cubic metres, new roads for the project, a parking lot for cars capable of accommodating 170 cars, and an area especially designated for the landing of helicopters. The cost of the project is JD 11 million.

Speaking about the significance of the project, tourism director and board of directors member Michel Harmarneh said that this is the first time in which Jordan develops a new type of international



Board of directors inspect progress of Ma'in project at the site near the springs (Petra photo)

tor would begin helping the gov-

ernment develop other similar

sites such as Al Zara, Al Himmah.

tourism whose significance began to appear since the early sixties, referred to as "medical treatment

Mr. Hamarneh said, he expects that this type of tourism would develop in the coming years and that Jordan would be receiving thousands of visitors needing treatment by mineral waters, particularly that a new clinical trend has started to appear with doctors advising their patients to visit such

sites for medical treatment. Mr. Hamarneh said he hoped that with the development of the Afra, and Barbita sites, par-Agaba or Ajloun mountains, but ticularly that the projects are ecotourism there would be active thrnomically viable and there would oughout the year.

INVITATION TO TENDER No. 12/82 **FOR**

Ma'in springs site, the private sec- be a certain profit on tunds inv-

SUPPLY OF WORKSHOP EQUIPMENT AND RACKS AT THE MAIN WORKSHOP NUWAIJEES

Public Transport Corporation - Amman invites those interested in this tender to purchase the tender documents from its main office at Jabal Al Hussein. Amman P.O. Box 1830 against non-refundable fees JD

Completed tenders should be submitted to the above mentioned office not later than 12 p.m. Sat. Oct. 16. 1982 accompanied with bank guarantee of JD 30,000. (THIRTY THOUSAND JORDANIAN DINARS).

Director General

ested in these projects. He said

such sites do not depend on sea-

sonal tourism as is the case in

unions etc. all represent demexternal relations. According to Mrs. Sharaf, it outlines activities ernational level, Dr. Sha'er advmunicipality. that will enable NCC members "to ocates cold-shouldering the Uni-Zarqa District Governor Salim share with the world our exp-

ocratically elected institutions and display an interlocking of Jordanian and Palestinian sectors of the population. They can therefore serve as forums for national dialogue along with non-executive bodies such as the Senate and the NCC. Various factions of the Jordanian population, all represented in these bodies, can be further drawn together, according to Dr. Sha'er, by two feelings common to all: First, an awareness of an external common threat that could culminate in a fate similar to Lebanon's; and second: A progressive aim geared towards the positive goal of reinstating parliamentary

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The state

life in Jordan. Although we cannot restore the pan-Arab situation by such action alone, we can remedy problem of the isolation of leadership, which doubtless fac-ilitates aggression," Dr. Sha'er said. "The Jordanian people should participate increasingly in decision-making through representative bodies," he continued.

He expressed his opinion on the need for replacing the NCC by a house of representatives in the spring of 1984 and hoped that parliamentary elections would be held and that the current NCC would be the last one. The constitutional difficulties raised by Israeli occupation of the West Bank and the considerations which applied following the 1974 Rabat Summit Conference resolutions no longer form an obstacle to the reinstatement of parliamentary life at the present time, according to Dr. Sha'er.

Mrs. Sharaf, on the other hand, believes in a gradual, rather than an abrupt return to parliamentary life. The key, she believes, is the development of the democratic process in institutions throughout the country and a development of the NCC's role. Democracy throughout the country can be achieved through increasing dec-

entralisation. Dr. Sha'er feels that Jordan's external role, both on the Arab and international levels also need to be strengthened at this crucial time. The PLO's active and actual participation in all developments that relate to the Palestine cause is another element which Dr. Sha'er feels should characterise Jordan's Arab role.

As for Jordan's role at the int-'ted States and concentrating on the role that can be played by Europe and the Soviet Union.

Continued from page 1

NCC panel to work for national unity

The Follow-up Committee headed by Dr. Sha'er has prepared four working papers for submission to the NCC Monday.

The first deals with the national principles which govern the perceptions of committee members of what Jordan's stand on the Palestine cause should be and the direction of the country's external relations. It is also the guideline along which the three other papers have been structured.

The second paper outlines a mass media policy that would help the committee achieve national oad. It also calls for allowing local media more scope for accuracy to promote its credibility and that of the government, since citizens have access to external media and need to feel that their own media is both informative and credible. A third paper deals with act-

ivities inside Jordan to be initiated and organised by committee members to promote national unity. Once the NCC approves the committee's proposed programme, seminars, rallies and meetings that will bring together local leaders and the public in all cities, towns and villages will be organised. The first of these meetings is scheduled to take place in Karak sometime in September.

The fourth paper deals with

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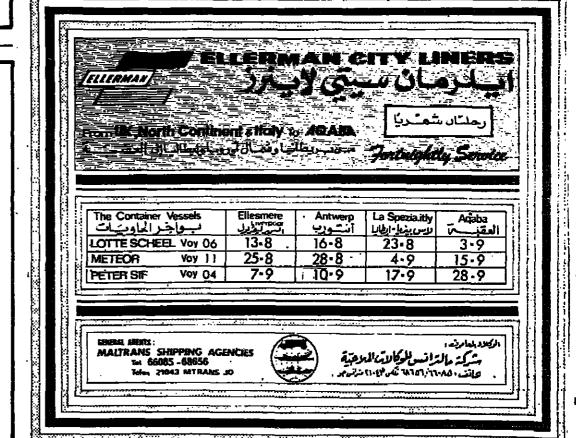
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Honesty before summitry

THE PROSPECT of reconvening the Arab summit at Fez at a time when Israeli leaders are pushing ahead at full speed with their latest ideas on rearranging the Middle Eastern map makes us think that we have been through this before. We have been through an Arab World in tatters trying to respond to the challenges of our several enemies. We have been through the attempted use of summitry as a tool of political redemption. We have been through the exhortations of a Sharon or a Begin or a Shamir who want to resolve the Palestinian problem by a resettlement programme in Jordan or Libya or the Arabian desert. But rarely have we been through all of these things simultaneously, and rarely have we seen the contradictions in the Arab World so obvious and so stunning as they are this month-best exemplified by the call by some Arabs for the United States to guarantee the safety of Yasser Arafat on his way to the Fez summit. Which United States? The one that sat around twiddling its political thumbs for nearly two months while its planes and ammunition and money tried without success to kill the same Mr. Arafat?

There is a powerful contradiction here that we do not think can be resolved by summitry alone. It is at its most horrible and embarrassing when it relates to Arab-American relations, but it goes far beyond only that.

We don't want the Arab foreign ministers or the heads of state to seek a utopian unity. We don't want them to try to agree on an elusive programme of common action. We want them to be honest with themselves and with us. We want them to put their feuds in front of their people and ask their people if this is the right way or the wrong way to live. We want them to bury the mythology of summitry as an instrument of soul cleansing and get down to the hard business of resolving the contradictions that define our lives and stunt our national development. By all means, let there be a summit. But more important than summitry is honesty.

JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: UNRWA and random behaviours

The United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) utilised the massacre committed by Israelis against Lebanese and Palestinians, as an excuse to justify its conversion of relief supplies from the refugees residing in Jordan, to the victims of the Israeli aggression on Lebanon. Thus causing the cut-off of those supplies delivered to the Jordan-resided refugees. The UNRWA did that with a claim that those afflicted from the Lebanon war are in more need of such supplies than the others.

The international agency had apparently imagined that it could embarrass the refugees in the Arab states and their hosts with its action, with the belief that everybody would be careful not to raise any objection to the matter to avoid bringing about an impression that self-seeking had gained priority to national commitments.

Our reply to that is that UNRWA is not in a

Al Dustour: Empty statements... out of effect

While we have nothing to do with the agenda of the forthcoming summit conference, we have much to say and remark about the unusual events which took place in the Arab World since the adjournment of the last summit meeting in Fez. Obvious examples of those events are the Israeli invasion of Lebanon, the Beirut siege and the massacre committed by Israelis in that country opposed with no practical reactions from the side

The Arab Nation, after a long sleep, finally wakes up and comes to know that many selfevident facts of the past has turned to show its real essence, as mere emblems and talks that had no practical effect once outside the auditorium limits. There emblems and talks are fast asleep when the Arab World becomes exposed to severe blows from everywhere and are in the worst need of the

execution of such principles. The current meetings of foreign ministers are

position to take such measures. We are aware that the final goals of that action to be taken by the international agency is to print a political feature over the relief operation by setting up links bet-

UNRWA is called upon to understand that its action will in no way distort bonds between the two peoples as they both are victims of crimes of one aggressor--Israel. But it is the world community that should present relief to those distressed in Lebanon rather than UNRWA's voluntary measure of having the Jordan-resided refugees pay for the Israeli aggression on innocent

We hope the international agency will refrain from carrying out its game because it might open the door wide for undurable and dangerous developments in the region.

required to set up a certain system of Arab ties and solidarity and to preserve such ties from being affected by deviations under any excuses whatsoever. The foreign ministers are simply required to cope with events and challenges faced by Arabs in order to prevent the repitition of the example of Beirut, by building up Arab solidarity, by amendments of current Arab League Charter or by the formation of a new Arab committee capable of making obligatory and respectable decisions.

The Arabs, stunned with the failure of all calls for ministerial meetings over the recent months, are looking forward to the current meetings of the foreign ministers, with hopes that they succeed to agree on a working paper to contain all challenges encountered by Arabs, so that Arab leaders can decide on effective measures to confront it. In other words, it is the responsibility of Arab foreign ministers to extract the long-standing bitterness and lack of confidence from the depths of the Arab societies.

DE FACTONOMICS

Checking the oversupply in hotel facilities

THERE SEEMS to be, at present, an oversupply in hotel facilities in Jordan. More than two thousand rooms which are of five-star and some in four-star classifications have been built in the last five years. The boom in hotel business in Jordan started in 1975 and 1976 partly as a result of the relocation of some business from Beirut into Jordan. Jordan's transit activities have been considerably enhanced since then which also contributed to the profitable

We know that construction in general, particularly of houses for rent and hotels, is subject to a business cycle and this may be expected in Jordan. However, with an occupancy rate of about 50 per cent, it becomes difficult for large hotels to continue in red. What makes it more difficult is the case where some big hotels had resorted to heavy borrowing in

their construction. Their current income, in this case, is expected to cover their high current expenditures in addition to repayment of their

Big hotels are large establishments employing more than 300 employees each. They cannot operate for a long period if they are not capable of making reasonable earnings. At the same time, they are not eligible for government sub-sidies and should not be so. However, the Ministry of Tourism and other parties concerned should study the problems encountered by some of our hotels and assist them in pursuing proper marketing, pricing and personnel policies.

Many factors can contribute to the financial difficulties that some hotels may encounter. The re-routing of American and European tourism which used to cross the Jordan River

to visit the holy shrines is one of them. Another factor could be the reconstruction of Beirut as a service centre in the region. Political instability in the area had always worked against tourist industry in the region including Jordan.

However, there are inherent problems which tend to lower the efficiency of our hotels and their economic performance. In their personnel policies, some hotels thought that it would be cheaper to resort to foreign workers. They ended up with a headache and a costly operation. Over-staffing is also a managerial problem which is translated into an inflated wage bill. The Jordanian Hotel Association has initiated a programme for training of young Jordanians in hotel business.

This is a positive step which should be pursued in cooperation with the Hotel Tra-

ining Institute currently in operation with the help of the International Labour Organisation.

Pricing is another constraint where some action can be taken to encourage regional business meetings and group tourism. It is often said that it would be cheaper for a jordanian family to travel to Cyprus and spend a week there than going to Aqaba. Special reduced rates can be offered to Jordanian and Arab summer tourists International tourism should be also promoted and induced by offering special

It appears to be more profitable and much easier as a business to have travel agencies encouraging outward tourism than to attract foreigners to visit Jordan. This is a continuous challenge to these agencies, Alia and tourist off-

ices abroad. Figures on tourist income in Jordan are on the increase

However, these figures reflect the return of Jordanians working abroad to spend their summer vacations with their relatives in Jordan more than "pure" tourist business. While their remittances are substantial, their spillover effect on hotels and other tourist proiects stands to be less important. It would be a valuable exercise to estimate tourist income from non-Jordanians separately from the incoming expenditures of Jordanians visiting Jordan.

The infrastructure of tourist business has been more or less completed in Jordan. We need to keep it a viable one over the coming decade. For this purpose, proper marketing personnel, pricing, and management policies are essential.



Arab-Americans, adopting tactics of Jewish groups, organise to aid image and exert political pressure

Staff reporter of The Wall Street Journal

DENNIS THE MENACE sits at the Thanksgiving table and announces that a friend's family is having meat loaf this holiday." His dad says some Arab is eatin' their Thanksgivin' turkey," the cartoon tyke explains.

To many Arab-Americans, that brand of humour is the real menace. They say Arabs have been unfairly, unflaggingly blamed for this country's economic problems. They say no other U.S. minority group has been insulted, in recent years, with so much impunity. And they admit that is in part because they have been a political and social nonentity.

They are out to change that. Arab-Americans are increasingly organising to combat defamation and promote their political views. These views, particularly when it comes to the Middle East, are often diametrically opposed to Jewish groups'. Yet the Arab-American groups are in some ways modeling themselves after the Jewish organisations. They are

. ilding grass-roots networks to apply political pressure; they are preacting of dangerous historical pegoats: they are being unshamedly, insistently loud. "We are operating in the same manner League when it first started," admits James J. Zogby, a codirector of the American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee in Washington. "I see no reason we shouldn't ape some of the things they did so well."

Mr. Zogby says his own experience illustrates why the movement is gathering momentum. As a college student in the mid-1960s, he thought little of his Lebanese ancestry; he belonged to Youth for Goldwater; he studied theology, with an eye toward a quiet teaching life. Then came the 1967 Arab-Israeli war. He says he was beaten up by Jewish Defence League members; lost his job teaching comparative religion at a synagogue; and began thinking of his Arab name as a liability.

Painful self-awareness

The experience got him started as an activist in Arab-American issues. Not many other Arab-Americans end up so immersed in them, he admits, but all have been touched by the series of events that began with the 1967 war and

parallels when society makes sca- continued with the 1973 Arab oil embargo (and subsequent series of OPEC price rises) and 1978 FBI- Abscam operation. The eveas the Jewish Anti-Defamation nts spawned, exacerbated and played on anti-Arab feeling in the

They also forced a painful self-

awareness in Arab-Americans.

which for decades had seemingly been the last thing most of them wanted. They have historically gone all-out for assimilation. (Carol Attyah of Downey, Caiifornia, remembers her grandfather, a Lebanese immigrant. He was so proud to be an American that every year on his birthday he dressed in a red, white and blue costume," she says.) Many have been hard-driving small-businessmen and professionals, their community activities leaning more toward the church than the political. They have been fragmented, identifying with and giving loyalty to such respective homelands as Lebanon, Syria and Egypt, rather than any

broader Arab sense. The result: though an estimated two million to three million people strong, this has been an allbut-silent U.S. minority. That leaves Arabs-Americans themselves partly to blame for their problems.

But silence is apparently a thing of the past. When Israel invaded Lebanon in June, thousands of Arab-Americans demonstrated at Israeli consulates in several cities and in front of the Israeli embassy in Washington. Previously apolitical church groups were flooding the switchboard of the National Association of Arab Americans with phone calls, asking how they

But silence is apparently a thing of the past. When Israel invaded Lebanon in June, thousands of Arab-Americans demonstrated...

could actively, effectively protest. "We'll be gaining a lot of new members because of this," a spokesman predicts.

The statehood question

Joseph R. Haiek, a Palestinian who immigrated to the U.S. in 1967, had been stirred to activism well before the latest event. Like many Arab-Americans, he was in part driven to it by his sense of a tie between faraway Middle East and the quality of his life in the U.S. "My point of view now is American, not Arab," says Mr. Haiek, a Glendale, California, magazine publisher. "But as long as Palestinians are denied statehood. there will be trouble in the Middle East, and that trouble leads to discrimination against Arab-Americans." The biggest and best established

of the developing organisations is the National Association of Arab Americans. Founded in 1972 and based in Washington, it acts as the primary political lobby. It presents itself as moderate, not contesting Israel's right to exist but campaigning for a separate Palestinian state. Like its counterpart, the American Jewish Committee, it couches its arguments in pro-American rhetoric, arguing that a more "balanced" approach to Middle East policy is in the country's best interest. Also like the Jewish lobby, it prides itself on being able to mobilise its membership. The association says it has a 37,000-person "National Congressional District Network," capable of producing a quick flood of constitutent mail and phone

With only a modest annual budget (somewhere below \$1 million) and ilmited experience, however, it still does not pack anywhere near the clout of allied Jewish organisations. It cannot claim to have been anything close to a decisive influence in any congressional elections or issue votes to date.

But the association and its own allied organisations are hardly going unnoticed. "These groups are indeed much more active than they have been in the past; they're expanding all over the place," says Howard Kohr, assistant Washington representative of the American Jewish Committee. "They are getting a much better understanding of organisation, of how to influence public opinion, of how to reach the media and work within the political systems."

Certainly the American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee has developed savvy leadership. Mr. Zogby's co-director is former South Dakota Senator James G. Abourezk. It was the FBI's Operation Abscam that really led to the creation of the committee in 1980. The general public was shocked by videotapes of lawmakers taking bribes. But many Arab-Americans were also lived at the. FBI's playing on negative Middle Eastern stereotypes and its glib code name. "What would you think of Jewscam?" asks Mr. Abourezk, still seething.

His group warns bluntly of parallels between a frustrated Germany making Jews scapegoats for economic problems in the 1920s and 1930s and a stumbling America making Arabs scapegoats in the 1970s and 1980s. "America in the '80s is by no means Germany in the '20s and '30s," writes Mr. Zogby in a committee publication. "But the wine is the same. A trifle more aged, more mellow, per-haps. Only the bottle is new." Though it is Arabs abroad who are the primary targets of vitriol, it is Americans of Arab descent who catch "the full brunt of ignorant bigotry," he maintains.

Backing down

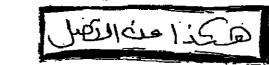
The committee monitors how Arabs are portrayed by the media and referred to by public figures. It is ever ready to pounce. When a car dealer in the Tampa, Florida area put up a "Buy a Toyota,. Drive an Arab Crazy" billboard advertisement (complete with caricatured, burnvoosed Arab), the committee's protests got it taken down. When Michigan Governor William G. Milliken referred to "those damned Arabs" in a tel-

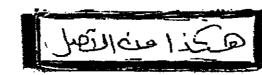
evision interview about the economy, a Detroit chapter of the committee organised an uproar. The governor apologised.

The committee now has chapters in 37 cities and expects to reach 10,000 membership by. year-end. It can hardly maintain that Arab-Americans face employment and educational discrimination in the way that blacks and Hispanics have. But it does say it exists. And it does maintain that Arab-Americans with controversial politics have been harassed by the government.

Detroit lawyer Abdeen Jabara, who defended a Palestinian fighting extradition to Israel on terrorism charges, says the FBI tap-ped his telephone, investigated his bank accounts and put him under surveillance. He sued the agency for alleged harassment, and a fed-eral judge in Michigan earlier this year found in his favour. The case is currently under appeal. An FBI spokesman denies there is mos-

itoring of activists' activities. A third major national org-anisation is the Association of Arab-American University Graduates, based in Belmont, Massachusetts. Its focus-the intellectual community--is more lim-





By Colin McIntyre Reider

VIENNA - Senior diplomats and military officers from all over the world are playing an elaborate game in Vienna, learning how to help defuse international con-

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The "game" is organised every year by the International Peace Academy (IPA), a private new York-based think tank accredited to the United Nations, and the

Austrian government.

All U.N. member nations are invited to attend the annual seminars, held at an 18th century castle on the outskirts of Vienna, and those who do send senior diplomats or military officers. They

In Vienna, some learn how to defuse crises

report back to their governments on the results of their "play".

Because all the proceedings are off the record, and the situations hypothetical, the organisers are able to bring together countries which are normally reluctant to work with each other.

"Sometimes current real-life conflicts do crop up during the exercise, and we encourage discussion on them as along as emotions are kept in check," a member of the IPA board said. "There are occasional out-

bursts, but in general the atmos-

phere here is remarkably

businesslike and free from polemics," he added.

As soon as the players arrive they are separated into various groups, given a number of simulated problems involving the establishment of an international peace-keeping force under U.N. control, and told to get together to solve them.

The groups, which play out different roles, have to grapple with such questions as whether the host country will accept all members of the peace-keeping force, whether its mandate is clearly defined, how much they will need and who will

pay.

A number of senior military officers with first-hand experience of international peace-keeping operations in such trouble spots as Cyprus and the Middle East are on

hand to help.

According to Maj. Gen. I.J. Rikhye, who has run the Vienna seminars since they started in 1970, continuing interest in them is proof of their worth.

Most people who come here have never been exposed to peace-keeping, while others who have had some experience have not understood certain aspects of

it," said Gen. Rikhye, a former Indian army officer.

"Diplomats at the U.N. don't know what the situation is like in the field, and vice-versa," he said. "We aim to put each of them in the other's shoes for a week. "Apart from the technical

aspects, there is great value in the sharing of experience. Participants often reach a better understanding of the problems of other countries, by seeing them from a different perspective." he

The academy, which has only a small permanent staff but can call

added.

in dozens of academics, soldiers and diplomats from all over the world, many of them "old boys" of the Vienna seminars, also runs

crisis prevention and international mediation seminars. Many of the problems tackled sound all too familiar. One exercise deals with the

divided Pacific island of

Andrenesia, where an international dispute over water rights boils over into open warfare. The Western half, colonised by

the Dutch in the 17th century and granted independence in 1954, decides to go ahead with the build-

urity Council holds an ad- 250 session and calls for an end con-fighting and the dispatch of a . N peacekeeping force to the servi-



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on the eastern half of the 750-

kilometre long island, retaliates

after one of its fighter planes is

shot down overflying

Chinchillan paratroopers land

in the town of Eiden, on the River

Eem, an armoured column moves

in overland and the town is can-

At the United Nations, the Sec-

tured after fierce fighting.

on sharing its water.

Andrenesian territory.





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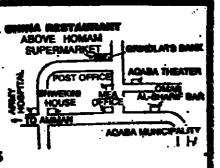
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tied the score 73-73 and took the

But the Americans never fli-

The Soviets used a 2-3 zone

defence to block U.S. attacks from

the centre, forcing the Americans

to shoot from the outside. The

Soviet side, meanwhile, used Bel-

ostennyi to spearhead their att- their board.

nched and with stubborn pressing

forced the Soviets to commit mis-

lead 86-83 only 60 seconds from

the end.

SPORTS

LOSDerg romps to victory | 16 sailors set out for in Swiss Grand Prix

Keke Rosberg of Finland, driving Italy sixth in a Lotus. a Williams, scored a stunning upset victory in the closing laps of the Swiss Formula One Grand

Prix motor race here Sunday.
It was the 33-year-old Finn's first Grand Prix win and put him top of the World Drivers' Championship standings.

Rosberg covered the 80-lap, 304km race in one hour 32 minutes 41 seconds, for an average speed of 196kph.

He spent most of the race laving in wait in fourth and then third place and seized the lead only two laps from the finish.

"It's all come late to me," he joked after the race. "My first win. the lap I took the lead on and now topping the championship standings with only two races to go."

Just four seconds behind Rosberg was the man who led from the Prost of France in a Renault.

Brazil fourth in a Brabham, second." team-mate Riccardo Patrese of

DUON-PREIOIS, France (R) - Italy fifth and Elio de Angelis of

The Renaults, which started on the front row of the grid, led the race for 73 laps and built a comfortable lead.

Then Rene Arnoux, pressing team-mate and compatriot Prost hard for the lead, had trouble with the fuel injection system on his turbo-charged car and dropped back quickly.

Moments later Prost was in trouble, being slowed by a damaged aerodynamic wing broken earlier in the race, and Rosberg closed the distance.

The Finn, driving a conventionally-powered eightcylinder car, was unable to catch Prost on the long straight but overtook him on the sharp Bretelle

Prost said: "I damaged one of second to the 78th lap--Alain the ground skirts at about midrace. The car's handling det-Niki Lauda of Austria was third eriorated after that. I consider in a McLaren. Nelson Piquet of myself lucky to have held onto

The drivers' championship

around-the-world race

NEWPORT, Rhode Island (R) - Sixteen sailors set out from Newport Sunday on a 43,000-km single-handed race around the world. The competition is the first solo circumnavigation race to begin

The participants are due to return to Newport in about eight months after stops in Cape Town. Sydney and Rio de Janiero. More than 600 spectator boats jammed the entrance to Narragansett Bay as the solo sailors jockeyed for position at the line. Richard Konkolski. 39, of Czechoslovakia, was first, crossing 25 seconds after the gun went off. He is sailing a 13 metre cutter called the Nike II which he designed and built himself.

Next was the Altech Voortrekker, 15-metre sloop sailed by Bertie Reed, 38, of South Africa. Behind him was American David White. 37, aboard Gladiator, a 17-metre cutter he built himself.

The United States, who had

beaten the Soviet Union 99-93 on

Thursday and outplayed Australia

110-86 Friday to reach the final.

appeared weary after their string

Glenn Rivers and Jim Thomas,

their best men on Thursday, were

Saturday, while Earl Jones and

Jeff Turner failed in protecting

a shadow of the fierce attackers

of games.

Soviets' bid for rowing supremacy in ruins

The Soviet Union had a disastrous final day of the World Rowing Championships Sunday, their bid for men's supremacy in ruins after they failed to win a single gold

But while the Soviet men's rowers could not keep any of the three titles they won last year in Munich, main rivals East Germany matched their Munich haul by again winning three events.

The day's honours, however, really belonged to unfancied Norway, who grabbed two golds, and the unsung New Zealanders

Soviets become World Basketball Champions

"The Americans have showed

urday by defeating Spain 119-117

"We had that advantage and we knew how to use it. But we never knew until the last second that we were the winners," Soviet coach Alexander Gomelski said.

that they are an excellent team, one of the best in the world," he

Former World Champions Yugoslavia took third place Satafter leading 60-47 at halftime.

LUCERNE. Switzerland (R) - who won the championships gla- and Ulf Sauerbray in the content

mour event, the men's eights. The New Zealand eight gave a marvellous display of precision power rowing to depose the Soviet octet as champions in the last event of the day. East Germany were runners-up more than two seconds back with the Soviet entry

a despondent third ahead of the

United States. The weather finally relented and the last day of the six-day regatta was cloudy with sporadic sunshine, compared to the intermittent rain and bitter winds of recent days.

East Germany earned the first gold of the day, their Olympic and 1981 World Champions winning the coxed fours in 6:19.04 without being pressed from Czechoslovakia, who clocked 6:21.69. The United States, second last year, took the bronze in 6:25.33.

In the first upset of the day, Norwegians Rolf Thorsen and Alf Hansen came through to surprise Olympic and World Champions Klaus Kroepplin and Joachim Dreifke to win the double sculls by almost two seconds with a time of

Norway took their second gold when Grepprute and Loken wore down East Germans Karl Ertel pairs and won with almost three seconds in hand. This time the Netherlands were third.

Soviet brothers Yuri and Nikolai Pimenov trailed in last, 14 seconds behind the winners.

The upsets continued as defending champion and hot favourite Georg Agrikola of West Germany, who had set a course record in his single sculls semifinal, was eclipsed:

East German Ruediger Reiche took the gold in 7:00.67 from the Soviet Union's Vassily lakucha who was timed in 7:01.15 with American John Bigelow taking the bronze in 7:02.08.

Italian brothers Giuseppe and Carmine Abbagnale confirmed their role as favourites in the coxed pairs by repeating their Munich triumph to give Italy their fourth gold medal.

The Soviet Union lost their second title when Switzerland reversed the placings from Munich to win the coxless fours. The Swiss were always in touch and, urged on by the local crowd, took their first gold ever in 6:10.41 to 6:11.82.

East Germany's third victory was in the quadruple sculls, where West Germany finished second and the Soviet Union third.

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remains a very tight race after

Rosberg leads with 42 points,

followed on 39 by Didier Pironi of

France, who crashed his Ferrari

practising for the West German

Grand Prix and is out for the sea-

son with injuries. Prost has 31

points, Lauda and teammate John

Watson of Britain 30 each and de

CALI, Colombia (R) — The Sov--

iet Union edged out the United

States 95-94 in an action-packed

game Saturday to become the men's World Basketball Cha-

The United States had led

49-47 at halftime with base John

Sundvold scoring a ground shot

two seconds from the end of the

their lead eight minutes into the

second half, but then the Soviets

The speedy Americans kept

mpions.

first period.

Sunday's results.

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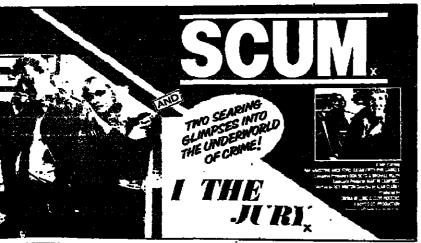
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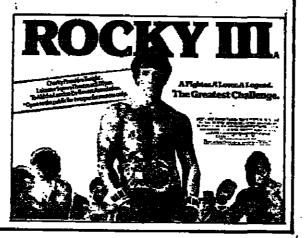
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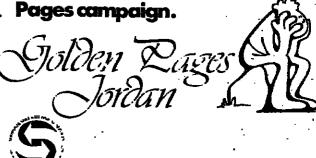
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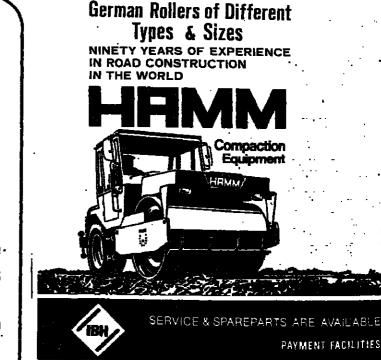
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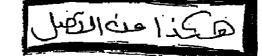
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Reagan appropriations bill veto to face-tough barrels a day BAHRAIN (R) — Iran's oil exports fall to 900,000 barrels a day BAHRAIN (R) — Iran's oil ex orts have been more than halve following Iraq's attacks on a k Iranian oil terminal at Kharg I and and its warnings to tankers

SANTA BARBARA, California (R) — President Regan's veto of a supplemental appropriations bill has set up another confrontation supplemental appropriations bill has set up another confrontation. with Congress next month when it returns from the summer holiday.

The president announced Saturday his intention to veto a \$14.1-billion measure designed to provide the government with enough funds to keep it running for the remainder of the current fiscal year

tunds to keep a remaining which ends in October.

Mr. Reagan's complaint about the bill is that the Democrats added most of million in domestic programmes, many of which he had vetoed previously, such as college grants and job training for the

elderly.

He said he was vetoing the measure because "it would bust the budget by nearly a billion dollars," increasing the deficit and slowing economic recovery.

n maga Unless Mr. Reagan and Congress find some way to end the impasse, the entire government could grind to a halt as operating rev-

enues run out.

In a similar face-off last year, Mr. Reagan allowed all non-essential services to stop for a day until Congress enacted a measure with a smaller price tag more to his liking. and the little

The president's veto of the appropriations bill has created some serious problems from his own point of view. The bill contained \$350 million for a programme he has ent-

husiastically proposed—the Caribbean Basin Initiative (CBI)—which is designed to shore up U.S. standing in the area by providing an infusion of aid for friendly countries.

The measure also contained funds to meet the military payroll at the end of this month, which the Reagan administration says it will ine and of this month, which the larger through some temporary, one-time bookkeeping

White House spokesman Larry Speakes said the president hoped any new compromise worked out with Congress would include the Caribbean aid programme. Democratic leaders have threatened that a presidential veto would doom the programme.

Taiwanese computer exports surge

EXPORTS OF Taiwanese computers and other advanced elecuronic products registered huge gains in the first half of 1982, auguring bright future for the industry, which has been designated as worthy of special development incentives by the government of the Republic of China.

Government statistics show that exports of micro-computers, computer components, spherical equipment, terminals, electronic TV games, and electronic parts in the period were worth \$222.6 million, up 129 per cent from the same period of last year.

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A further breakdown shows that export value rose from \$343,000 to \$6.6 million for spherical equipment, from \$323,000 to \$3.46 million for terminals, and from \$84,000 to \$735,000 for

micro-computers. Exports of other major pro ducts included electronic TV games, which grew 1.4 times to \$123.2 million; computer components, up 52 per cent to \$64.8 million; and color TV sets, down \$54.6 million to \$101.7 million.

An official at the Ministry of Economic Affairs, analysing exports of computers and electronic products, pointed out that both

industries are undergoing a str-

uctural change.

He noted the market for colour. TV sets is shrinking, while that for computers is expanding at a rapid pace. He urged manufacturers and traders in Talwan to keep abreast of all market changes. Judging from the market sit-

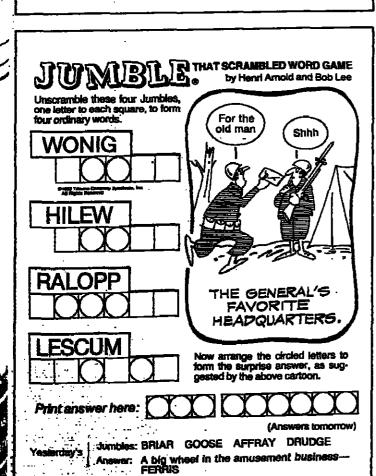
uation, the official said, electronic TV games will enjoy good sales for some time, but micro-computers have a bigger market potential.

He disclosed that the Ministry of Economic Affairs has directed government agencies concerned to study means of enhancing the development of the computer industry.

In its future export strategy. Taiwan's computer industry is looking toward Europe, the U.S. and Japan. Another area where sales are

expected to be strong is in Taiwa itself, where the population of 18 million is enjoying a higher standard of living and the needs of commerce and industry are growing. Already, many companies rely on the local market for most of their sales, particularly of Chinese-language systems developed exclusively in Taiwan.





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BAHRAIN (R) - Iran's oil exports have been more than halved following Iraq's attacks on a key Iranian oil terminal at Kharg Island and its warnings to tankers to keep clear of the area, the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) said Sunday.

The trade weekly said Iran's total exports had dropped to about 900,000 barrels per day (b/d) as against a peak of two million b/d in

Damage to the Kharg facilities in the Gulf by Iraqi bombing might have been relatively light but uncertainty created by the raids and lraq's repeated warnings had frightened off many tankers and caused steep rises in freight and insurance rates, MEES said.

It said total freight and insurance costs for Iranian crude could work out at something like \$3.25 to 3.65 a barrel as against about 80 cents a barrel for other

Gulf crudes. "It is this price penalty, perhaps more than the reluctance of tankers to enter Kharg, which could prove the most potent factor in depressing Iranian export volume" unless Iran agreed to bear the extra war-risk cost, MEES

It said an Iragi rocket attack on Aug. 18 put out of action a loading facility fairly close to Kharg Isl-

This was capable of accommodating tankers of up to 200,000 tonnes.

Delors forecasts drop in interest rates

HORNBAEK, Denmark (R) --French Finance Minister Jacques Delors Sunday forecast a fall in the cost of borrowing in France in line with recent drops in interest rates in the United States and in other European countries.

malists at the start of a meeting of European Community finance ministers here, also rejected as unfounded recent rumours that France may pull out its franc out of the Community's joint currency

The French minister said lending charges on French money markets would fall Monday, although he did not specify by how

A steep decline in U.S. interest rates last week led West Germany, Britain, Switzerland and the Netherlands to cut their key interest cent in the second half of the year nomic recovery.

developing nations.

professionals emigrate.

Finance ministers hope the cuts will help to pull Europe out of the deepest recession for nearly a decade by reducing the cost of money for industry.

But bankers said the weakness Mr. Delors, speaking to jou- of the French franc in the European Monetary System (EMS) had led the Paris government to take a more cautious stance.

But Mr. Delors said the speculative attack on the franc was an episode of the past.

There was no question of any further devaluation of the franc this year since inflation in France was likely to fall rapidly in the last six months of the year, boosting international confidence in the currency, he said.

Mr. Delors forecast that prices

compared to the present rate of nearly 12 per cent.

The finance minister added that France has not yet decided to ask the Community for a two billion dollar loan to help cover its balance of payments deficit.

But such a request could be made later as part of a strategy to pull the Community out of rec-

Belgian Finance Minister Willy de Clercq said the finance ministers would concentrate on agreeing a common stance for next month's annual meeting of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) in their two days of talks at this small Danish seaside resort.

Mr. de Clercq said governments still regarded the cost of money as would rise by an annual eight per too high to ensure decisive eco-

ntries could tax their nationals abroad to gain some

gained about \$51 billion worth of "human capital"

from 1961 to 1972 alone, according to UNCTAD

"The migration of manpower, especially skilled

manpower, from developing to developed cou-

ntries is not just a migration of persons," an

"It is a real transfer of productive resources from

Although they take differing approaches to mea-

suring the brain drain, the four studies presented in

UNCTAD study prepared for the meeting said.

The industrialised countries are thought to have

of the extra income they earn.

poor to rich countries.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You are thinking clearly now and can easily advance in career activities. Make Economists, experts to discuss 'brain drain' in Geneva plans for the days ahead. pensation scheme under which developing cou-

associates. Make new plans tonight.

your most cherished aims.

Sidestep a troublemaker.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Good day to obtain the information that means much to you. Avoid

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, AUG. 30, 1982

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A time to consider just

what your true talents are and the best way you can bring

them to the attention of the public. Make plans to gain

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Get busy at handling duties

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Engage in creative work

you have been concentrating upon and get good results.

early in the day and talk over business matters with

YOUR DAILY

one who likes to waste your time. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Gain the confidence of a successful money expert and follow his instructions. Be more

economical in the days ahead. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Engage in activities that

please you and feel happier. You are able to communicate very well with others today. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Make plans far into the

future that could bring you added success. You have creative ideas that need expression now. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Do favors for associates and gain their goodwill. Follow your intuition when deal-

ing with others and get good results. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Attend to important duties early in the day so you'll have more time to

engage in social activities. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Plan how to make valuable new contacts and then talk ideas over with ex-

perts. Be more thoughtful of others. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Make sure to keep any promises pertaining to business matters. Show more in-

terest in outside activities. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Make sure your ideas are practical before putting them in operation. Try to cooperate more with associates.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will want to study for the future and follow through so that there can be much success in life. Give an education along artistic lines for best results. Don't force sports on your serious-minded progeny. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make

of your life is largely up to you!

ntries are sure to oppose during these talks as they papers for next week's talks all conclude that devdid once before in 1978--is to set up a comeloped countries reap considerable benefits from it. India leads World Bank borrowers

GENEVA (R) - Economists and development

experts meet here next week to discuss what the

'brain drain", the steady flow of scientists, doctors

and engineers from poor to rich countries, costs

These countries, which lose hundreds of their

university graduates each year to lucrative posts in

Western Europe and North America, are now loo-

king for ways of getting a refund on their

investment--with the help of the United Nations.

The meeting, sponsored by the U.N. Conference

on Trade And Development (UNCTAD), will

study ways of measuring the financial loss incurred

by developing countries when their much-needed

The long-term goal-one that industrialised cou-

WASHINGTON - India was the \$60 million, Oman \$15 million most active borrower from the World Bank in fiscal year 1982. of funds from the International Development Association (IDA). the bank's concessional lending affiliate.

According to the World Bank's annual report, loans approved for India during the year totalled \$1,264.8 million. IDA credits for India totalled

\$900 million, and along with Bangladesh (\$391 million) and Pakistan (\$171 million), accounted for more than half of all IDA Jending during fiscal year 1982. World-wide lending by the

ing the year, and IDA credits totalled \$2,686 million. According to the bank, the United States contributes about 22 per cent of World Bank subscriptions and about 31 per cent of

bank totalled \$10,330 million dur-

IDA loans. Pakistan also received \$138.5 million in bank loans for the year. Sri Lanka received \$42.7 million a short-term stabilisation proin loans and \$86 million in IDA credits. Another \$20 million in

In the Middle East, Egypt received the largest amount in World Bank loans, with a total of \$465 million, It was followed by Morocco (\$276 million) and Tunisia (\$160.5 million). Jordan received

IT'S 600D TO BE BACK

ON THE OL' MOUND ...

IDA credits went to Nepal.

Peanuts

and Syria \$22 million.

IDA credits for Sudan totalled and it was also the largest recipient \$56 million, followed by Yemen Arab Republic (\$42 million), People's Democratic Republic of Yemen (\$19.5 million and Mauritania (\$2.7 million).

The report noted that economic performance of developing countries in the Middle East and North Africa was far from uniform, ranging from plus 10 per cent in Jordan to minus 2 per cent in Morocco. Most countries continued pol-

icies of adjustment begun in the late 1979's, but, the bank reported, the global economic malaise during 1981 exacerbated the difficulties of adjustment. According to the report, Mor-

occo's difficulties stem from drought, stagnant nonagricultural commodities output, rising costs of fuel oil and food imports, increased interest costs on external debt and a depreciation of the dirham against the dollar. However, gramme is being pursued.

Algeria saw its balance on current account swing from a surplus \$250 million to a deficit of \$1,000 million, but the report said the prospects for 1982 are considered more favourable.

Tunisia's economic performance was good, with the gross

THIS IS WHERE I BELONG.

ALONE ON THE MOUND

WORKING OUT MY DESTINY.

domestic product (GDP) growing fiscal 1982 by 6.5 per cent.

It is believed that Syria's economic growth in 1981 was significantly below that of 1980, but preliminary data indicate that pressure on its budgetary and external-payments position may have eased somewhat as a result of restraints applied to the growth of imports and government expenditures.

Jordan enjoyed a high rate of growth, with the industrial sector leading the expansion.

Egypt showed a healthy growth of nearly 9 per cent in gross national product in 1981, but the bank said that future growth in foreign-exchange earnings will most likely be less repaid than in preceding years.

Economic growth in South Asia continued during 1982, but at a somewhat slower pace than in 1981, according to the bank's report. The reduction in growth rates resulted, to a considerable degree, from the widening recession among industrial countries.

The Indian economy rebounded in 1981 with real gross domestic product rising by 7.5 per cent, and the bank said this continued in fiscal 1982.

Aided by a record harvest, GDP in Bangladesh grew by 7 per cent in fiscal 1981, but the bank said it would be substantially lower in

WHEN I'M OUT HERE

NO ONE CAN BOTHER

ME .. THE ONLY THING THAT

MATTERS IS THE GAME ...

The strong economic per-

formance of recent years continued in Pakistan in 1982, with the growth rate for both fiscal 1981 and 1982 in the GDP being about 5.7 per cent. The real GDP in Sri Lanka is

estimated to have grown by 5.8 per cent in 1981, mostly because of record harvests for the fourth consecutive year.

The bank reported that Nepal's economy made a good recovery in fiscal 1981 from the effects of 1979's disastrous monsoon. Export performance improved in 1981, but the bank said that overall GDP for 1982 probably was not substantially in excess of the yearly population growth rate of

The annual report concludes its survey of the Middle East and North Africa by noting that the World Bank was accorded high priority to loans for training, so that the need for more highly skilled manpower in the region might

A high percentage of the bank loans and IDA credits in both the Near East and South Asia was allocated to energy production, agriculture and rural development, communications and traasportation.

MY HEART IS

BENT, CHARLES

THE Daily Crossword

by Fran Ragus 21 Grandstand 50 Turned

section

25 Angered 27 Fishing

28 Italian

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31 Different

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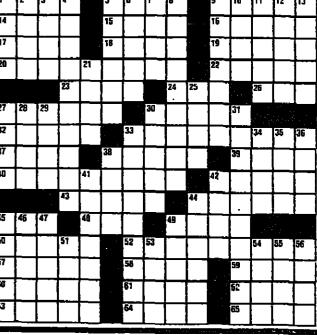
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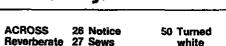
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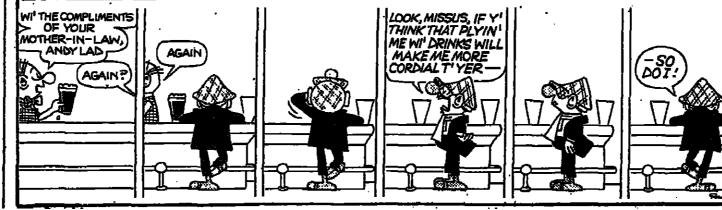
53 Honolulu's island 54 Arachnid 55 Punta 56 Pace







Andy Capp



WORLD

Polish rulers get ready to face planned protests

WARSAW (R) -- Extra security units on foot and in trucks kept watch in the streets of Warsaw Sunday as the authorities prepared for opposition demonstrations planned for Tuesday which they say could erupt into

Official sources said state television would broadcast a speech by military leader Wojciech Jaruzelski on its main news programme this evening.

The demonstrations were called by underground leaders of the suspended Solidarity trade union to celebrate the second anniversary of the movement's establishment.

The sources said television would broadcast a speech made by Gen. Jaruzelski at an army officers' academy in the western city of Poznan Sunday evening. In the last week, senior govemment and Communist Party figures have warned Poles that Tuesday's demonstrations would be a prelude to a general strike and armed uprising, and that the organisers were preparing weapons for use against police. Leaflets have called for

demonstrations in Warsaw. Gdansk -- the birthplace of Solidarity - and other major cities. Zbigniew Bujak, the most prominent underground spokesman,

was quoted in a bulletin as conceding there could be casualties. But he said the gatherings must go ahead to show there is still national support for Solidarity more than eight months after December crackdown. Quoting a letter to the Roman Catholic church, the bis-

hops said: "In the hearts of many

Poles there is a feeling of rebellion

and anger, disappointment and

iversary to be marked peacefully and said both the authorities and opposition groups shared responsibility for maintaining peace. There was growing tension, the

bishops said, but this should be relieved through dialogue and not through violence and force. Extra patrols of armed police were seen in the capital Sunday and security force trucks loaded

with men were parked in several central streets. Last week, the security forces mounted a show of force in Gdansk and Szczecin, sending vehicles through the Baltic cities.

Radio Solidarity broadcast

WARSAW (R) - The clandestine Radio Solidarity made a dramatic return to the airwaves Saturday night as the Polish aut-

opposition shaped up for a possibly violent confrontation in major cities this week.

Radio Solidarity, the voice of the union underground, interrupted a bulletin of news on state radio with an appeal to police. The broadcast was the first for nearly two months by the radio, earlier said by security forces to have been silenced for good.

It was quickly interrupted with loud music, but an earlier transmission of the same message on an unused frequency called on police not to act toughly against demonstrators next week.

The union appeared to be staking its future strategy on drawing a big turnout in major cities, and has issued leaflets detailing squ-ares where workers from different factories should gather.

French arrest 2 unidentified international terrorists

PARIS (R) — Two international terrorists have been arrested in an important move in the fight agafast a rising wave of political violence in Paris, the interior ministry said Sunday.

Police sources said those detained -- a man and a woman -were arrested by members of the elite National Gendarmerie Intervention Group (GIGN) in a raid or an apartment in the Paris suburo in Vincennes Saturday night.

Eyewitnesses said they were taken away in handcuffs and the colice sources said documents and explosives were also seized.

The sources said the fact that the GIGN were involved and that an initial announcement about the arrests had come from the Elysee presidential palace pointed to the

__mmitted suicide recently in the

northeastern Chinese city of She-

nyang after their husbands tor-

mented them for giving birth to

The newspaper said such inc-

idents were on the increase in

Shenyang, and the local women's

sederation was aware of 20 cases

Pressure on couples who want a

son has become more intense in

recent years as the government

implements a policy of only one

child per family to curb China's

The China Youth News said

that after one of the Shenyang women, Zhang Yuqing, gave birth

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

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North-South vulnerable. North deals.

EAST

♥QJ108

♦ 8765

♦ Q 105

1 NT Pass

3 NT Pass

NORTH

4853

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SOUTH

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Pass

breaking contracts!

4 J96432

North East South West

Opening lead: Four of ...

There are no rewards for

playing quickly. You collect

points only by making or

North's approach. Although

he had 15 points, his 4-3-3-3

distribution was hardly at-

tractive, and even if his part-

ner had a maximum 10

points, game was doubtful at

best. Therefore, he should

have passed his partner's no

trump response. South went

on to game because he judg-

ed that his six-card suit

won the ace and continued

with the queen. Declarer

made his first grievous error

when he allowed the queen to

West led a low spade, East

might be a source of tricks.

We are not enamored with

♥ 2

The bidding:

2 NT Pass

Pass Pass

WEST

+37642

♥ 9543

NKG2

one billion population.

this year compared with hardly

"" in the first half of 1981.

baby girls, the China Youth News

reported Sunday.

Unfortunate effects of Chinese

"EKING (R) — Two women to a girl, her husband threw her

GOREN BRIDGE

mond.

birth control policy reported

importance the government was placing on the arrests.

The interior ministry's statement said the arrests were the first fruits of the determined drive against terrorism announced earlier this month by President Mit-

"Two international terrorists have been arrested but for reasons of security no further details can be issued at present," the ministry

The earlier statement from the Elysee palace said only that two important arrests connected with international terrorism had been

Police have been hunting Jean-Marc Rouillan, leader of the banned Action Directe group, which has claimed responsibility

and the baby out of their home at

midnight without even letting her

take the infant's dried milk and

for a number of attacks against Jewish-linked targets in recent

It was this wave of attacks and others involving Middle Eastern targets that prompted President Francois Mitterrand to appoint Joseph Franceschi as his secretary of state in charge of security.

A team of specialists was set up to intensify and coordinate efforts against the violence.

Mr. Rouillan, the subject of an arrest warrant, recently wrote a letter to a judge offering to appear before him to show that Action Directe was not involved in the gun and grenade attack against a Jewish restaurant earlier this

Police are working on the theory that it may have been the work

of a Palestinian group. A neighbour living in the apartment block where the two people were detained Saturday night said a large number of heavily armed police arrived and surrounded the building.

They entered the apartment and emerged with the pair. One neighbour said the woman spoke with a strong foreign accent.

"The police told me to stay in my apartment. They came down a little later with two people, a man and a woman, in handcuffs," the neighbour said.

Residents said the apartment had been rented by a man who spoke to no one except the con-

Japan upset by its failure to

Japan's war history.

feeding bottle. Her parents-in-law told her their son planned to remarry, this time to a woman who would bear him a son. Mrs. Zhang committed suicide two weeks later, the paper Foreign Affairs Wu Xueqian.

It gave only sparse details of the second case, which involved a bus conductress who drank poison after her husband mistreated her for giving birth to a daughter.

The paper advised women to "value their rights and their lives. to rely on organisations and valiantly struggle against ignorant and superstitious traditional

win. Luckily, for him, West

shifted to a heart. Declarer

won in dummy and wasted no

time in playing ace, king and

another club, to set up three

long club tricks in his hand.

Now, East shifted to a dia-

Declarer's plight suddenly

dawned on him. He could

take eight tricks, and the

ninth — the high heart —

was there in dummy for all to

see. Unfortunately, there

was no way to get to it. Once

declarer had run his eight

tricks, the defense had two

more to take for down one.

If declarer had taken a bit

more time, he might have

foreseen the problem. He

could not afford to cash the

second heart when he was in

dummy, for that would set up

enough tricks for the

defenders to beat the con-

tract if they gained the lead with a club. What he could

have done was to establish

the clubs while keeping his

After winning the heart

shift, declarer should cash

just one high club. If the

queen drops, declarer can

cash the remaining heart

honor and then run his win-

ners for an overtrick. But

when the club queen does not

appear, declarer should give

up on the overtrick and con-

centrate on making his game.

He continues with a low club.

East wins, but declarer still

has a high club to get to dum-

my to cash the second heart

winner, and two entries to

his hand to run clubs.

communications intact.

agree with China on textbooks

pledge to correct in two years the controversial watering down of

anese foreign ministry said its China's demands. ambassador to Peking, Yasue Katori, Saturday received a negative response to Japan's pledge from Chinese Vice-Minister of

The response came after Japan's Chief Cabinet Secretary Kiichi Miyazawa said on Thursday his government would take responsibility for amending the new history books but this could not be done until 1985.

The books have drawn strong criticism from China and South

TOKYO (R) - Tokyo has said it Korea which say they gloss over regretted Peking's rejection of its Japanese war crimes.

The New China News Agency. monitored in Hong Kong, said Mr. Wu told Mr. Katori his gov-In a brief statement the Jap- erument's attitude fell far short of

> Mr. Wu said that although the Japanese government said it would listen to criticism, it did not propose any satisfying, concrete

> The Japanese foreign ministry statement said further efforts would be made to gain China's understanding. South Korea too, has expressed

> dissatisfaction that Japan would change the textbooks only after

Eggs hurled at Schmidt, guests

WIESBADEN, West Germany (R) - Protestors hurled eggs at West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt and his guests at a political rally Saturday and hit Greek Culture Minister Melina Mercouri on the head.

The demonstration broke out at a seven-hour rally attended by some 50,000 people and intended to drum up support for the chancellor's Social Democratic Party in next month's Hessen State ele-

Aides tried to shield Mr.

Schmidt and his guests from the bombardment.

But demonstrators also scored hits on a central government minister and one from the state gov-

They shouted opposition to the building of a new runway at continental Europe's busiest airport at Frankfurt near here.

Mr. Schmidt likened them to the Communist Red Front organisation and Nazi storm troopers of the 1932 election campaign.

Ziyang, he will head a newly-

created general secretariat which

is to act as executive organ of the

changes were also expected in the

makeup of the politburo and of

the central committee, the latter believed to include men fiercely

opposed to the 78-year-old Mr.

main roles, he himself plans to

watch the spectacle from the

Close supporters said he is giv-

ing up the post of vice-chairman to

join an advisory council of party

veterans, a body diplomats agree was designed by him to remove

the party's old revolutionary her-

oes from the decision-making

Face-saving formula

Having set the stage and cast the

Diplomatic sources said big-

politburo.

Thais report Vietnamese troop build-up

BANGKOK (R) - Vietnam has been building up its forces in Kampuchea and may be planning a major offensive against Khmer resistance groups near the Thai border. Thai military sources said Sunday.

The sources said that since mid-July Hanoi had sent fresh troops to replace units in western Kampuchea and had flown more than 100 Soviet T-54 heavy tanks and long range artillery into Kampuchea to augment its forces.

They said intelligence reports indicated that the Vietnamese were probably preparing a big campaign next month against the Khmer Rouge and guerrillas led by Son Sann and Prince Norodom Sihanouk before the convening of the U.N. General Assembly.

The sources said they believe a Vietnamese offensive was being planned to discredit the fighting capability of the resistance groups. The three groups have formed a coalition to oppose the Vietnamese-backed Phnom Penh government which ousted the

Khmer Rouge.
Thai officials said the expected Vietnamese offensive before the end of the current monsoon season would threaten the Thai border and might cause fighting to spill into Thailand.

Chinese charges

PEKING (R) - China Sunday accused Vietnam of launching "provocative and aggressive" attacks across their common border. and said two Chinese soldiers had been wounded in the clashes.

The official newspaper People's Daily said the soldiers were injured in an attack on Thursday in the Koulin district of Yunnan pro-

The paper also said that on the same day Vietnamese soldiers had attacked peasants with mortars and machine-gun fire as they were harvesting corn in Malipo County in Yunnan. It also reported two clashes on Friday in the Fakashan district of Guangxi province. In May 1981 Fakashan and

Malipo were the scenes of two of the most serious clashes since China and Vietnam fought a border war in 1979. China reported more than 250 Vietnamese dead in the clashes.

SAS raid on Rio Gallegos revealed now

LONDON (R) — Sixteen men from Britain's crack Special Air Services (SAS) regiment raided Argentina's Rio Gallegos base last May and destroyed several Super-Etendard fighter aircraft there, the Sunday Telegraph newspaper has said.

An article by the paper's defence staff Saturday said it was now known that the raid was the reason Argentina could not sustain its successful attacks on British shipping with Exocet missiles during the last month of the Falklands conflict. The paper said not a 'the French-made aircraft were destroyed and air-launched Exocet missiles were subsequently used to sink the container ship Atlantic Conveyor and fired at other ves-

Spadolini seeks mandate

parliament Monday seeking a parliament. mandate for Italy's 42nd gov-ernment since World War II. an administration identical to the 41st, against a steadily worsening economic background.

Although Mr. Spadolini seems certain to win parliament's approval for his programme of institutional changes and measures to bring down public spending, many politicians feel that his government will be short-lived and that elections are inevitable by next spring.

His previous five-party coalition collapsed earlier this month when Socialist Party leader Bettino Craxi temporarily withdrew his support.
Political commentators, while

welcoming continuity, say the absence of fresh faces in the new government merely underlines the futility of the midsummer crisis at a time when Italy faces growing economic difficulties.

Mr. Craxi withdrew his party's accusing Christian Democrats of sabotaging part of a government. him wide praise.

Prince Charles was quoted Sunday

in an interview as saying he con-

stantly feels he must justify his exi- -

stence and he called for a revival

of "human spirit... to protect the things we believe in, our liberty."

The Washington Post said the

interview with the British royal

heir was conducted early this

"I don't actually have a role to

play. I have to create it. And there

is no set book of rules as to what

my job is in the scheme of things,"

Prince Charles said in the int-

"I am the heir to the throne, full

stop.... I could do absolutely not-

hing if I wanted to. I could go and

play polo all over the world," he said.

Prince Charles said he felt he

"The only way I can see myself

Pope visits San Marino

SAN MARINO (R) — The heads San Marino is spread over 61 sq.

could not affect events on a large

of two of the world's smallest sta-

tes met Sunday when Pope John

Paul flew to this tiny mountaintop

republic and was welcomed by its

Making his 15th and shortest

journey from Italy, the pontiff

landed by helicopter at the foot of

the "Mount of Titans" on which

San Marino, the world's oldest

and smallest republic, has fun-

Surrounded entirely by Italy,

San Mario is chiefly known to the

outside world for its postage

stamps and minted a special issue

Sunday to commemorate its first

The Pope, sovereign ruler in his

own Vatican City, which only began life in 1929, went to the

governing palace with the two cap-

tains regent, a Communist and a

Socialist who jointly head the

most serene republic."

grand and general council of the

"The history of this ancient and

singular community... gives a fai-

thful reflection of a fundamental

value, that of liberty," the Pope

ctioned for 1,681 years.

papal visit.

two captains regent.

month in Kensington Palace in

London.

Britain's 'Jack of all trades'

WASHINGTON (R) — Britain's achieving anything is by exa-

mple.

kland Islands.

zhenitsvn.

about 20,000.

people.

costume.

301 A.D.

civil rights.

ROME (R) - Prime Minister economic austerity package by Giovanni Spadolini goes before voting against it in a secret vote in

The decision was widely seen as a bid by the ambitious Socialist leader to force early elections and reap the benefits of his party's risng popularity.

But Italy's other major parties, who appeared initially to have been caught off balance by Mr. Craxi's move, soon rallied and made it clear to him that they would go ahead and form a government without the Socialists even if it meant relying on support in parliament from the Communists.

Mr. Craxi, sensing that his party had been outmanoeuvred, backed down and agreed to join a new government headed by Mr. Spadolini along the same lines as the outgoing administration.

Mr. Craxi may also have belatedly remembered an unwritten law in Italian politics, under which voters tend to punish the party held responsible for prompting premature elections.

The tenacity and negotiating seven government ministers after skill shown by Mr. Spadolini in his handling of the crisis have earned

Prince Charles said he thought

the British had learned a lesson

recently in the South Atlantic con-

flict with Argentina over the Fal-

of lessons recently in the South

Atlantic about our ability to be

flexible, to respond in a flexible

way, to all these sort of problems

which maybe one never thought

Speaking about his position as

heir to the British throne, Prince

Charles said: "I freely admit that I

am a master of anything....'

am more a jack of all trades than I

He said one of the people he

But yes, I do think he has a

very pessimistic view-I don't

share entirely the pessimism," he

kilometres and has a population of

kilometres and houses some 700

Vatican City covers just 0.4 sq.

For once, the screen of Italian

police that normally shields the

pontiff was slightly relaxed as he

walked through San Marino's winding streets flanked by its

sword-bearing militia in medieval

Vatican officials said the visit

was a salute to the republic's anc-

ient tradition of religious faith

begun by its founder, a Balkan

Christian fleeing persecution in

This year its jealously-guarded

heritage brought a spate of pub-

licity when voters rejected a move

to annul a 1928 law depriving

San Marino women who marry

foreigners of their citizenship and

The Pope celebrated an open

air mass here and was scheduled to

continue, his one-day trip with

another service in the Italian sea-

side town of Rimini.

most wanted to meet was exiled

Soviet author Alexander Sol-

would arrive," the prince said.

"I believe we have learned a lot

Thousands homeless in India floods

Thursday.

NEWS

BRIEF

Iranian rebels kill

guards commander

LONDON (R) — The Iranian

left-wing Mujahedeen org-

anisation said Sunday its forces

had killed an Iranian rev-

olutionary guard commander and

four top guard officials in the past

two weeks. In a statement tel-ephoned to Reuters from its Paris

bureau, the Mujahedeen said the

guard commander of the central

ranian city of Araq was killed last

NEW DELHI (R) - At least 35 people have been killed and thousands have fled their homes as the result of floods sweeping parts of India's northern state of Uttar Pradesh, Indian news agencies reported Sunday. The United News of India (UNI) said the floods along the Ganges River, swoilen by heavy monsoon rains, had created chaos in 23 of the state's 54 districts. Authorities in the state capital of Lucknow said thousands of people, isolated by the floodwaters, had been evacuated to safer areas. Officials estimated that some 800,000 people had been affected by the floods.

Old man charged with killing Donovan case witness' son

NEW YORK (R) — A 67-year-old man has been charged with murdering the son of a witness who was due to testify at an inquiry into whether U.S. Labour Secretary Raymond Donovan had ties with organised crime. Police said Salvatore Odierno was charged with second degree murder after he surrendered Saturday to Bronx District Attorney Mario. Merola. Mr. Odierno was a longtime member of an organised crime group, police said. He is one. of three men sought in connection with the death of Nat Masselli, 31, who died after being shot in the back of the head while he sat in a car in the Bronx last Wednesday. Masselli's father, William, 53, is. scheduled to testify in special prosecutor Leon Silverman's second inquiry into allegations that Mr. Donovan had ties with organised crime before he entered President Reagan's cabinet.

6 Bangladeshis get death sentences

DACCA (R) — A Bangladesh court Friday sentenced six people to death by hanging for burying three persons alive in an abandoned well ten years ago, official sources said. The court in Rangpur town, northern Bangladesh, however, acquitted eight persons in the same case. The prosecution said the three villagers were buried alive following a quarrel with

Mrs. Bhutto in bad health, doctor says

KARACHI (A.P.) — The con-

dition of ailing Nusrat Bhutto, the widow of executed Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto deteriorated Friday night and she complained of exhaustion and shortness of breath, her doctor said Saturday. Her physician, Dr. Abdul Hayee Saeed, said Mrs. Bhutto has been under intensive care and has not been allowed any visitors. She has been suffering from respiratory problems. Mrs. Bhutto has aiready requested from the federal government's interior ministry in Islamabad for permission to proceed abroad for medical treatment, but so far she has not received any reply from the authorities, her associates said Saturday afternoon.



makes him top dog

By Roger Crabb

PEKING — The 12th congress of China's Communist Party. opening next Wednesday, crowns five years of struggle by Vice-Chairman Deng Xiaoping to ensure that his successors shun Mao-

ist excesses and get on with modernising the country. Since Mr. Deng returned to power in 1977 after years in the political wilderness, he has worked singlemindedly to eliminate the radical leftists who hounded him and untold thousands of other technocrats during the Cultural Revolution.

Now the stage is set for his triumph. The long-awaited congress is due to rubber-stamp his reorganisation plans aimed at ensuring that no one man can ever dominate the party the way Chairman Mao Tsetung did for dec-Top officials have made it clear

that the posts of chairman and vice-chairmen are to be abolished, and that the party's chief executive will in future be the general secretary. Present Party Chairman Hu Yaobang, a protege of Mr. Deng,

has indicated that he will fill this

role and that, with Premier Zhao

"If he hadn't joined it, the others wouldn't have agreed to belong," one diplomat said. "This

does not of course mean that their advice will be solicited as readily as his. It is a face-saving formula." Diplomatic sources said it appeared that the party was now ready to establish the principle of

retirement from party office

owing to old age, no mean feat for

a body which for many years now has been a gerontocracy. One comparatively young man,

former chairman and prime minister Hua Huofeng, has little to hope for from this congress. Mr. Hua assumed the mantle of Mao Tsetung on his death in 1976 and for over four years ruled both party and government, allowing the growth of a personality cult

along the lines of that which built

Mao up to the status of demi-god.

But in mid-1977, when Mr. Deng was rehabilitated after being purged by the Maoist "Gang of four," there began a covert power struggle between the two men which ultimately brought him

Gradually forced into a minority position. Mr. Hua was obliged to cede the premiership in 1980 and then lost the chairmanship to Hu Yaobang last

He was demoted to seventh place in the party hierarchy, and analysts here agree he is likely to slip still further into obscurity at this congress.

While Mr. Deng can now afford to discount his unfortunate rival, the analysts say, he still has to pay attention to the powerful military lobby without whose support no orderly succession can be env-

The old guard

Mr. Deng has always recognised that. Although he is known to have refused the party chairmanship, he has until now held on to the post of chairman of its powerful military commission which controls the fourmillion-strong People's Liberation Army (PLA).

Many of the PLA's leaders, in their seventies and eighties, have steadfastly resisted all suggestions that they should retire and leave room for younger men. The four vice-chairmen of Mr. Deng's commission are octogenarian It was not yet clear whether the

commission would remain since a new draft state constitution puts the PLA under the control of a separate governmental military commission. But one West European dip-

lomat said he believed Mr. Deng would abolish the party commission, and encourage the old soldiers to join the new council of advisors.

Diplomatic sources said this array of structural reforms would probably take up the major part of at Mr. Deng's congress.

the congress, which one diplomat said was expected to last for between 10 and 14 days. There has been no indication

that the party leadership plans any major policy switches, let alone a new ideological campaign.

For weeks the official press has been full of reports from all sides

intended to prove the success of the liberal economic reforms put through by Mr. Deng at an important party meeting in late 1978. Only this week it was announced that, since 1979, Chinese

exports had increased annually in value by almost 29 per cent. Other reports said the national economic readjustment plan had, over the same period, redressed

the imbalance in production caused by an excessive ideological emphasis on heavy industry at the cost of light industry and agr-Diplomatic sources said this tri-

umphal mood should ensure that the congress will give the go-ahead for a continuation of Mr. Deng's economic capital, and cash incentives for farmers. This last step, heresy to ort-

hodox Maoists, has apparently proved a great success. There are unlikely to be many critical voices



هكذا من النصل